

Target Fabrication and Engineering Services at General Atomics

Mario Manuel

Scientist, Physics Liaison

Inertial Fusion Technology Division

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This work is funded by DOE contract 89233119CNA0000063
and internal research and development funds at GA

Outline

- **GA Overview**
- Target production for stockpile stewardship
- Recent R&D focus

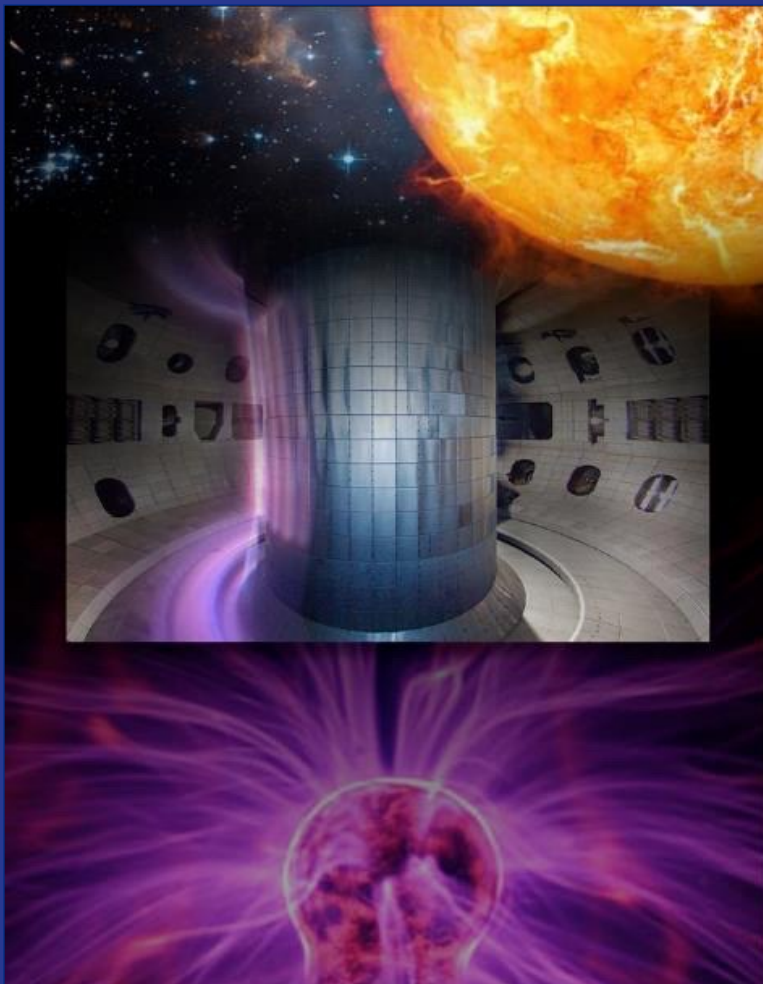
Energy Group

DIII-D Fusion Facility

ITER Components & Systems

Systems Engineering

High-Performance Computing



Magnetic Fusion Energy



Inertial Fusion Technology

Precision Materials & Components

Leading edge Diagnostics & Metrology

Stockpile Stewardship Mission

Personnel and Facilities

IFT Division



119

STAFF

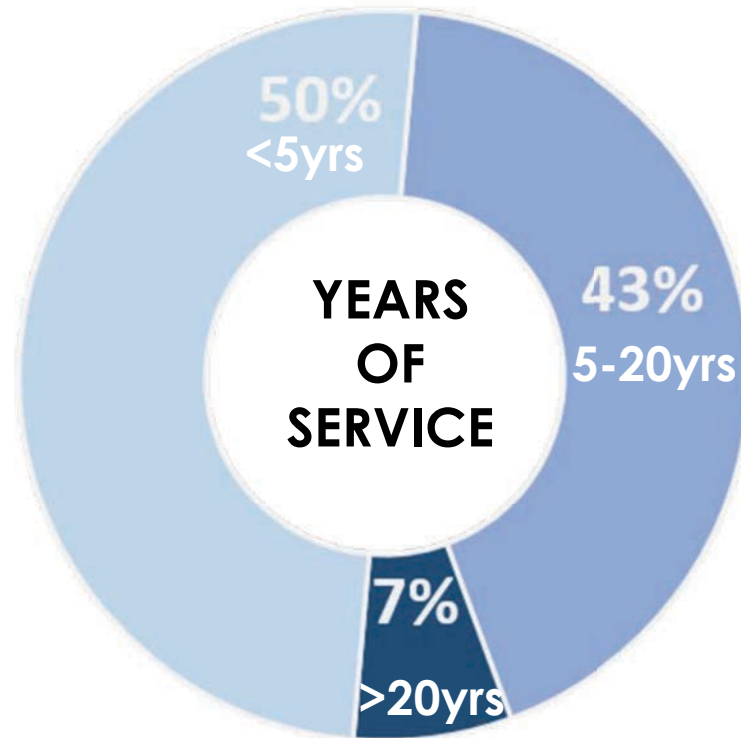
La Jolla: 76
LLNL: 36
SNL: 7
LLE: 2



77

DEGREES EARNED

18 PhD
14 MS
33 BS/BA
12 Assoc.



Energy Group

- ~300,000 sq. ft.
- ~400 personnel
- Q Cleared: 75



- Classified work areas
- Beryllium & uranium labs
- Class100 cleanroom

GA is a centralized target fab resource for NNSA Science-Based Stockpile Stewardship

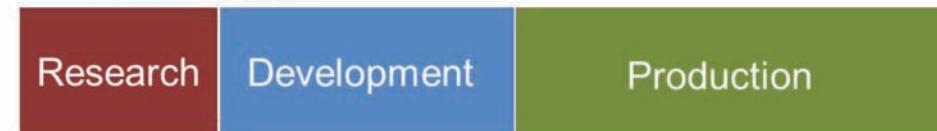
Annually, GA provides 90% of the targets (~14,000 components), used for the nominal 2,600 experiments on NIF, Z, & Omega,



- Lower costs thru less redundancy
- Critical mass of specialized skill set
- Nexus of technical capability
- Agility to support NIF, Z, & OMEGA
- Academics participants benefit from national lab quality capabilities
- Significant private investment

**Innovative multi-disciplinary
materials research coupled
with operations excellence**

← National Labs →



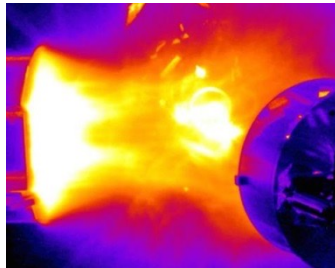
← GENERAL ATOMICS →

Outline

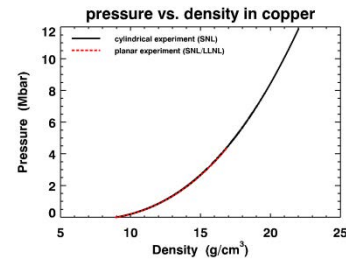
- GA Overview
- **Target production for stockpile stewardship**
- Recent R&D focus

Key Research for Science-Based Stockpile Stewardship

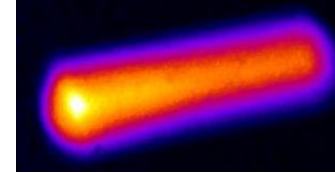
Output & Effects



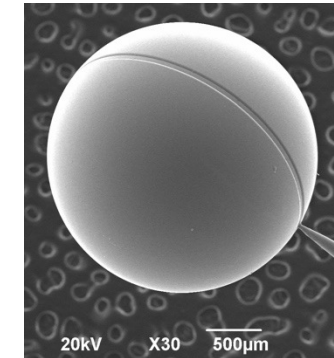
Material Properties



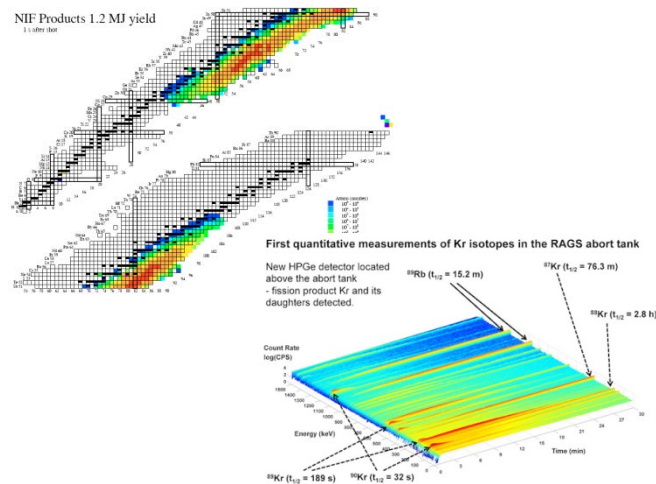
Radiation Transport



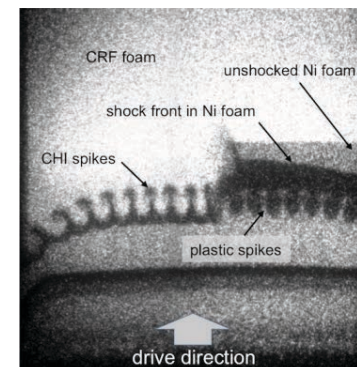
Engineering Feature



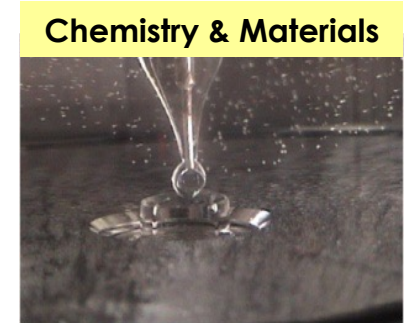
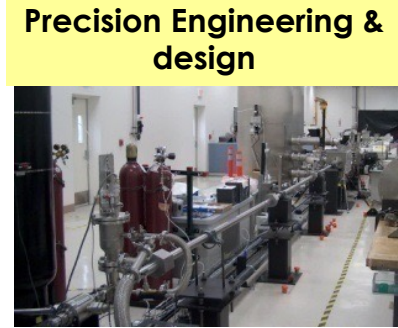
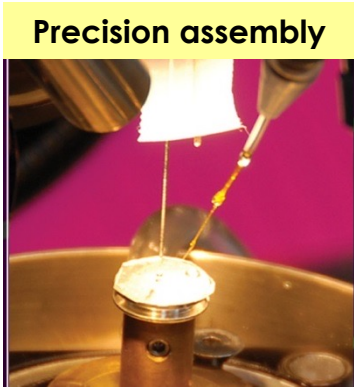
Radiochemistry



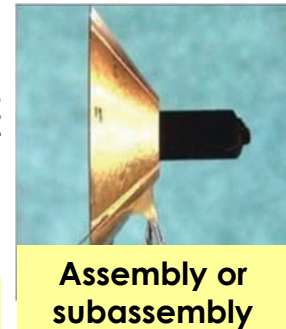
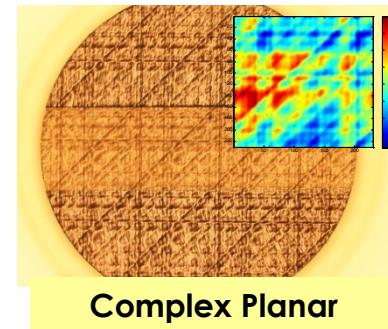
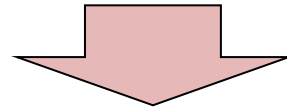
Hydrodynamics



Precision targets are at the center of each experiment that require capabilities from multiple disciplines

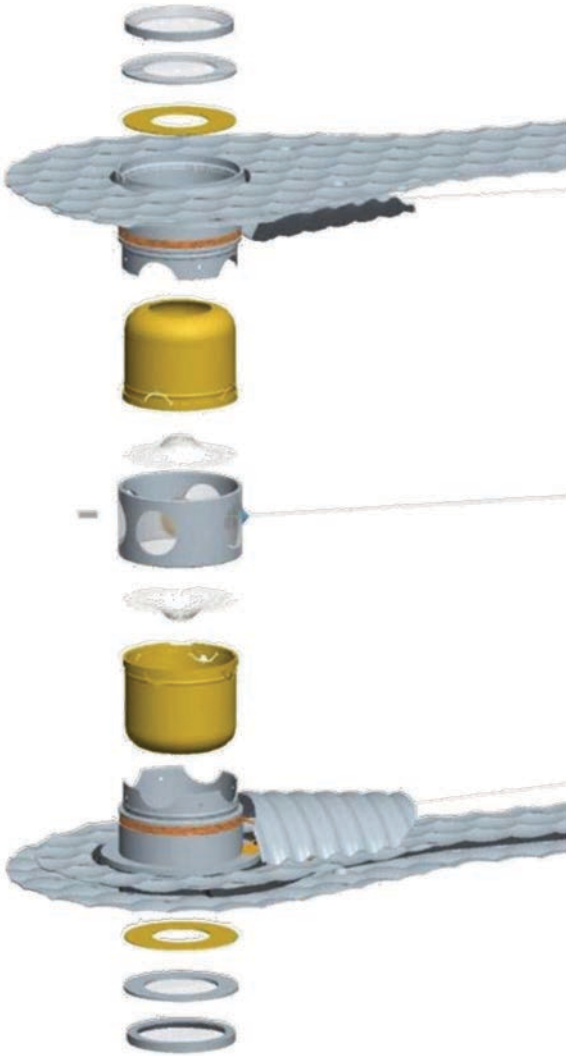
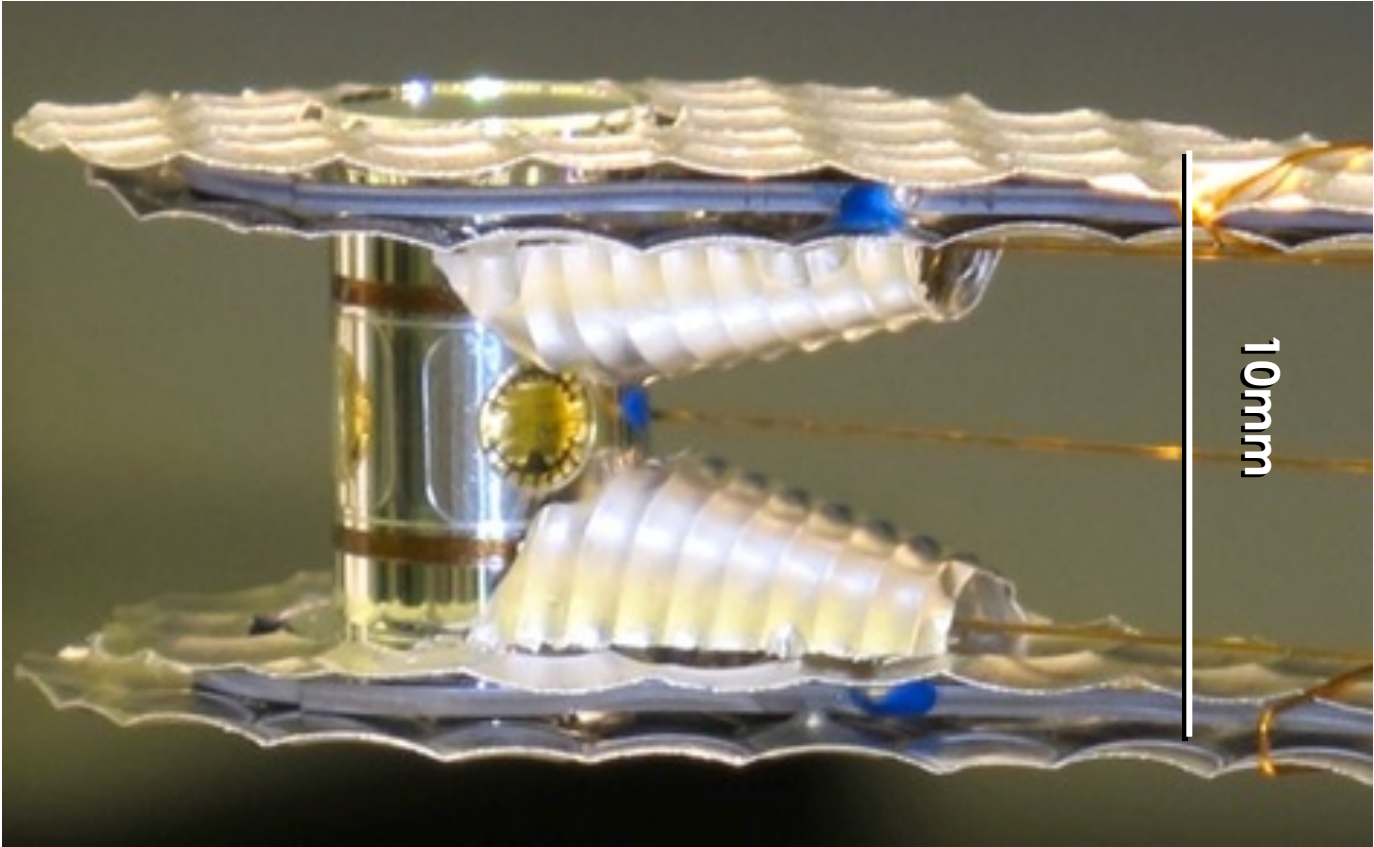


Multiple capabilities are often needed to make a single target

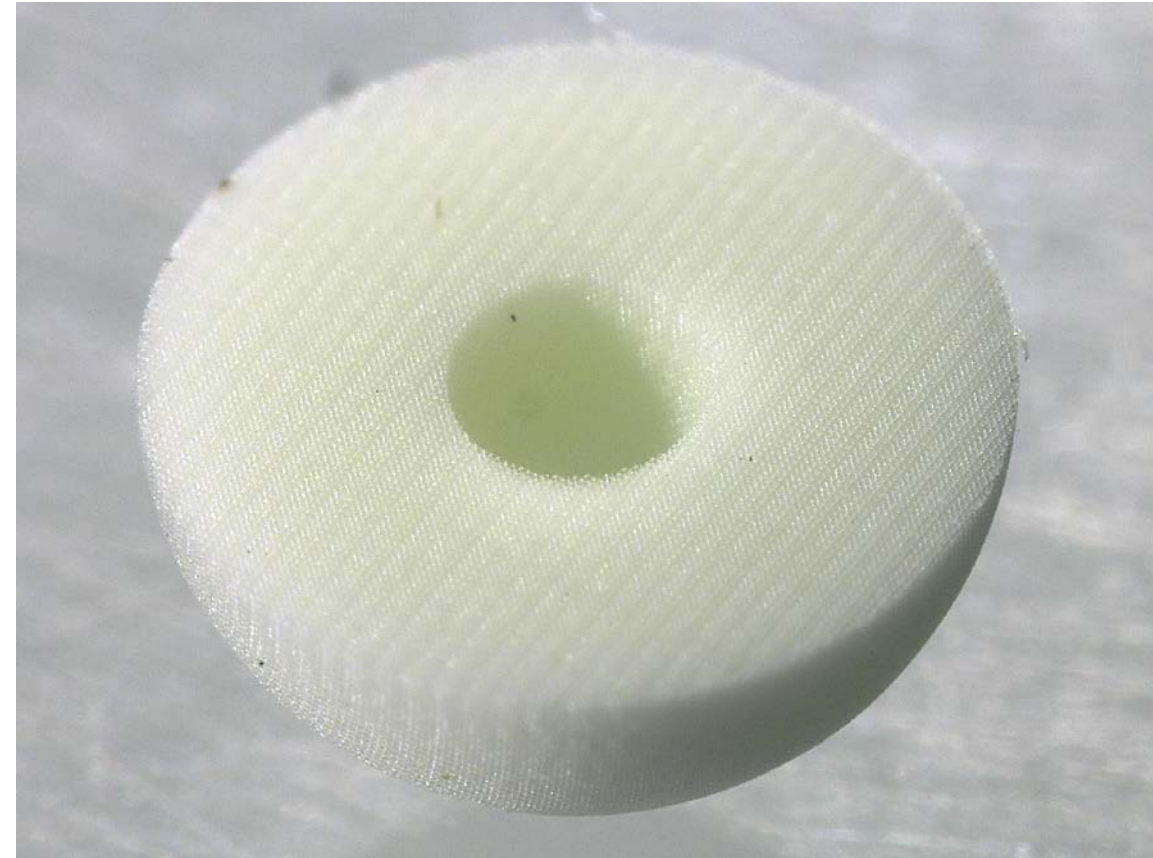


GA provides most components for high-yield science at NIF

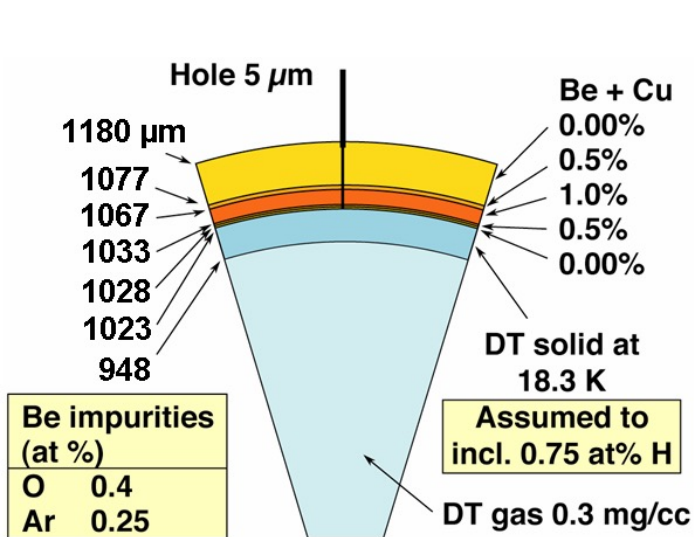
Ignition Target



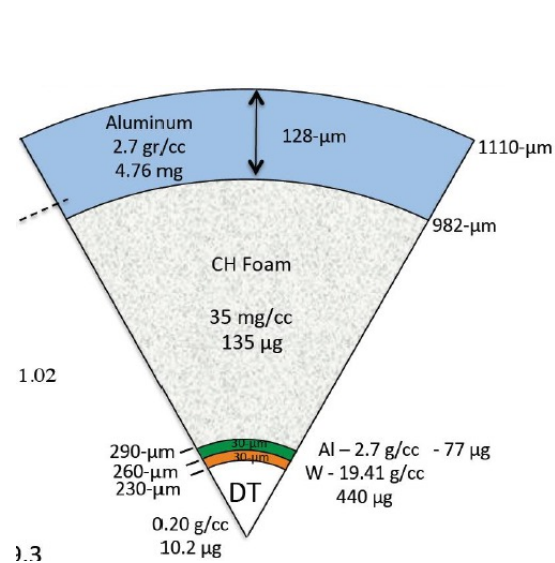
At the center of all ICF assemblies is an ablator capsule



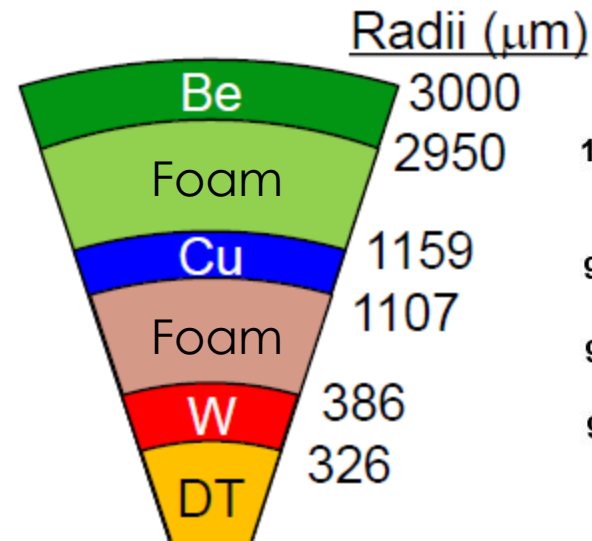
Capsule zoology: Many different materials, dopants and densities



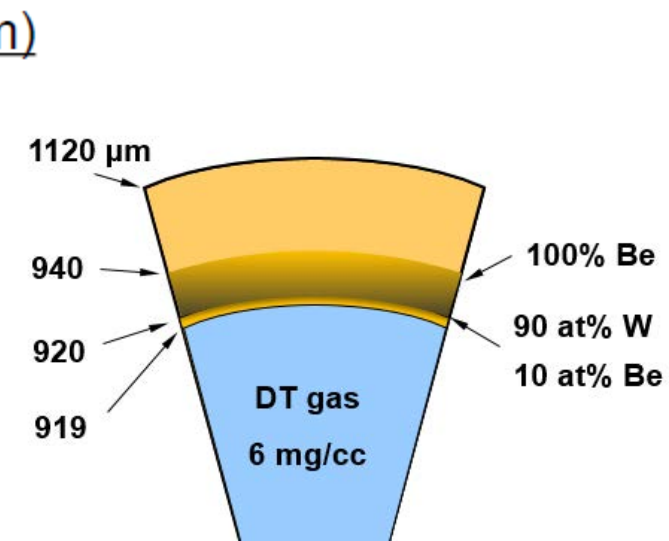
NIC



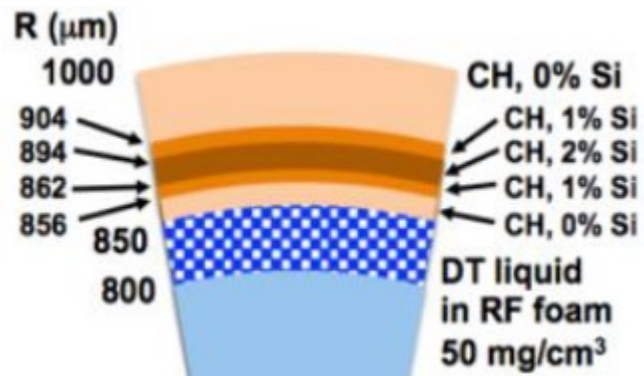
DS



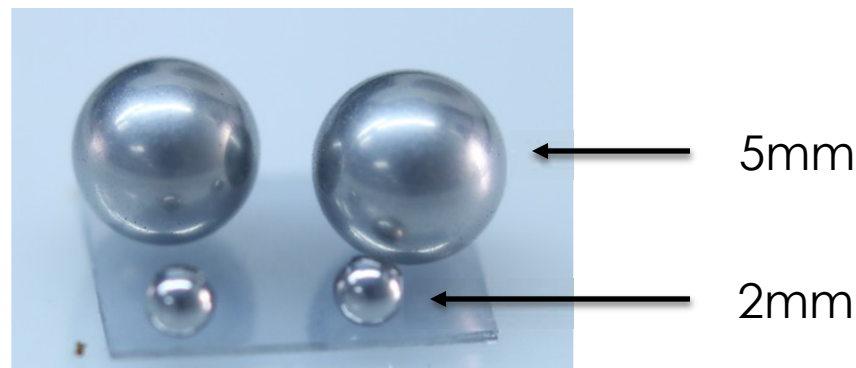
Revolver



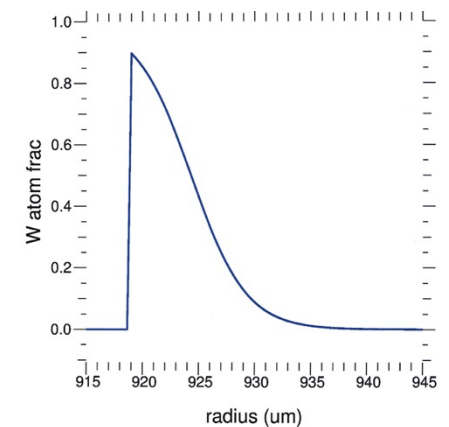
PSS



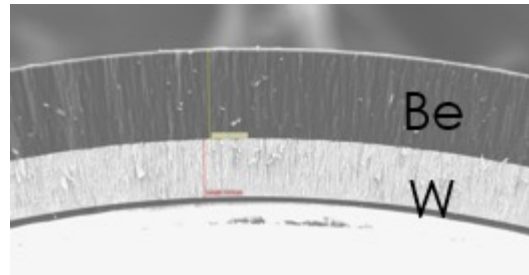
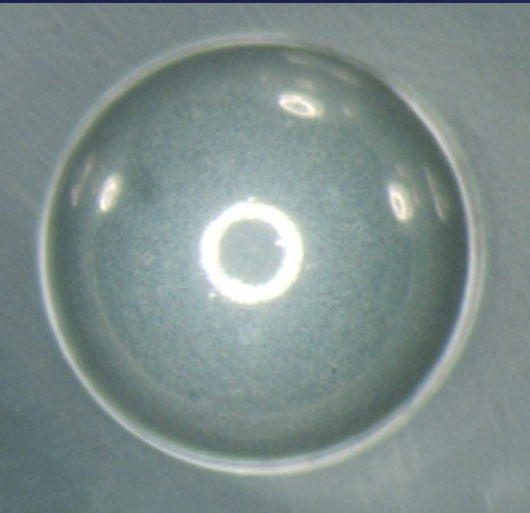
Wetted Foam



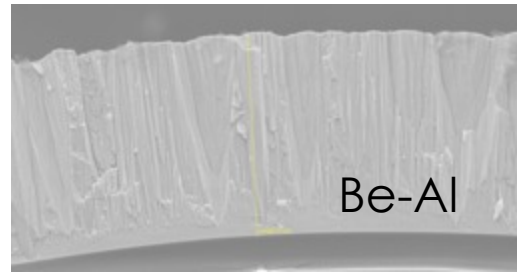
Exploding pusher



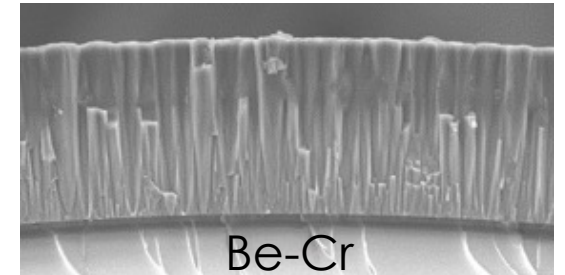
Metal alloys, grading and bilayers needed for alternative ignition paths



Bi-layers



Uniform alloy

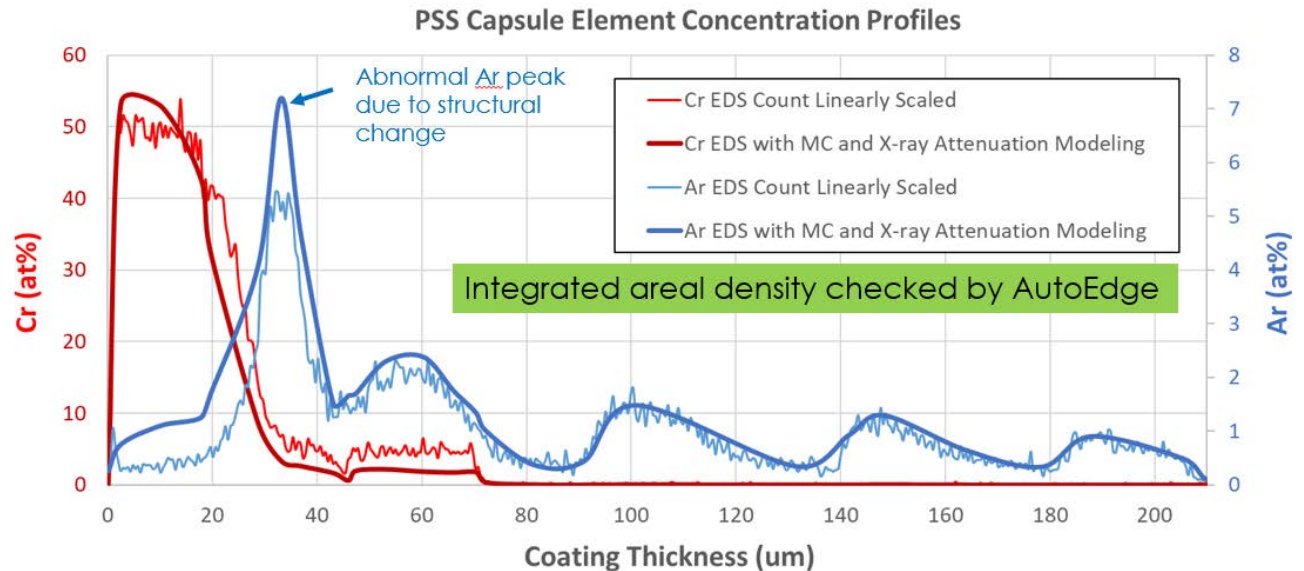


Graded alloy

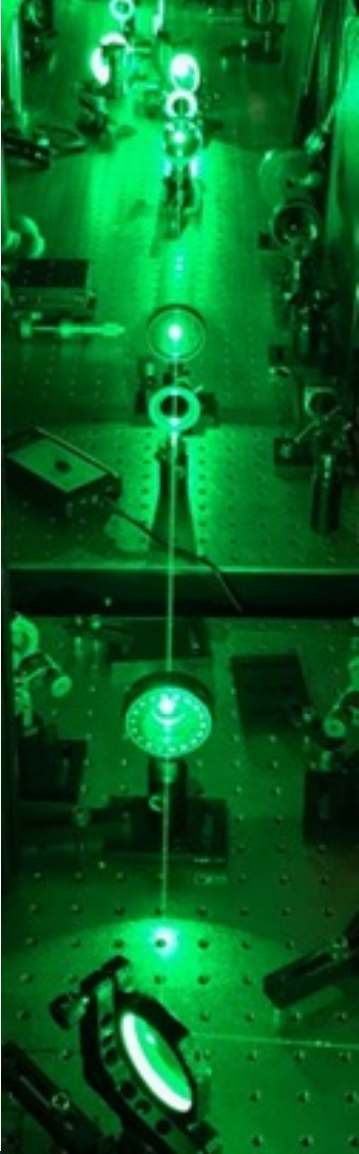
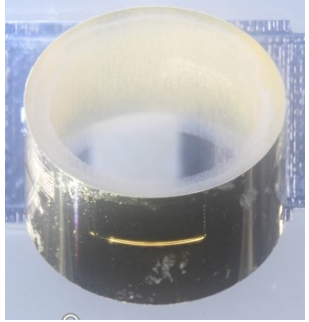
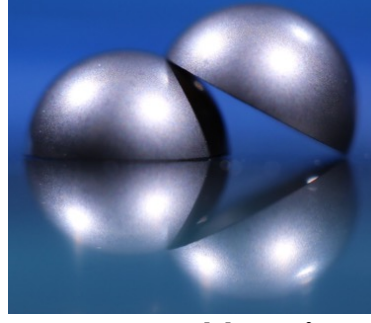
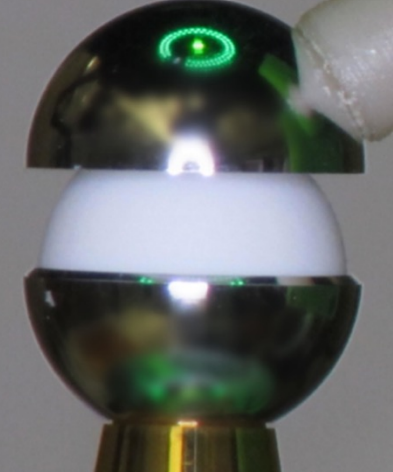
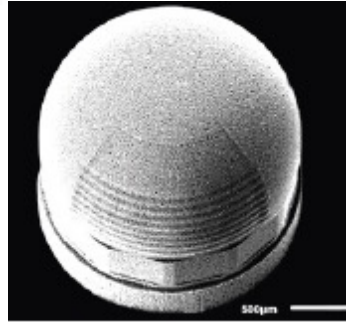
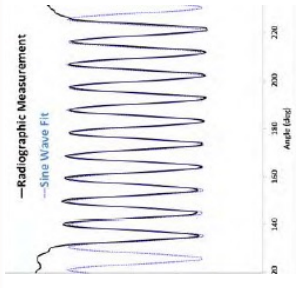
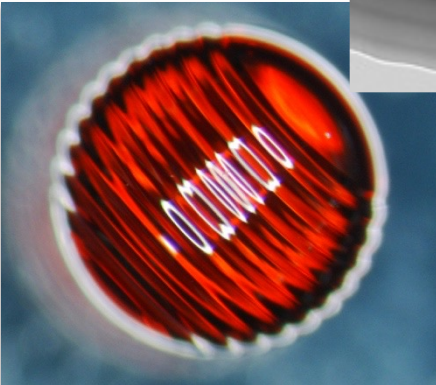
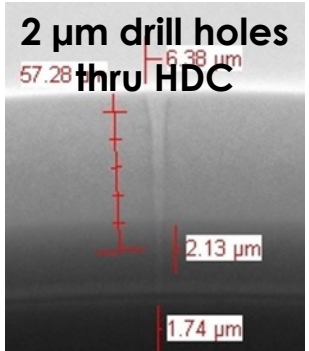
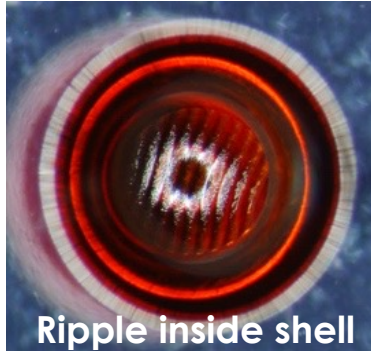
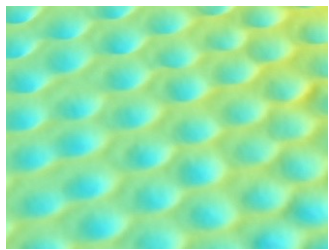
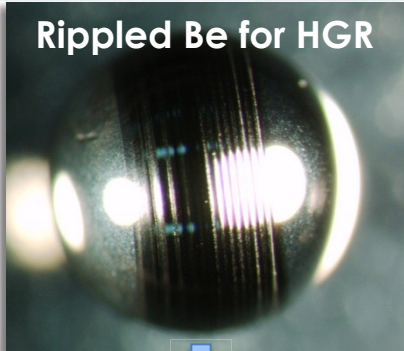
Look alike? All different!

Structural modification and dopant profile measurement

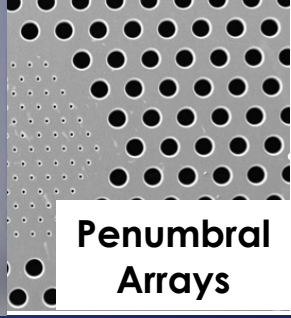
Bi-layers	Uniform	Graded
W/Cr	Be-B	Cr-Be
W/Mo	Be-Al	W-Be
W/Ti	Be-Ta	W-Ti
W/Zr	Be-W	W-Cr
W/Ta	Cu-B	W-Zr



Bulk synthesis, combined w. micro- or laser machining, produce new possibilities



3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
IIIB	IVB	VB	VIB	VII B	VIII	VIII	VIII	IB	IIB	
21 Sc 44.955912 Scandium	22 Ti 47.867 Titanium	23 V 50.9415 Vanadium	24 Cr 51.9961 Chromium	25 Mn 54.938045 Manganese	26 Fe 55.845 Iron	27 Co 58.933200 Cobalt	28 Ni 58.6934 Nickel	29 Cu 63.546 Copper	30 Zn 65.409 Zinc	32 Ge 72.64 Germanium

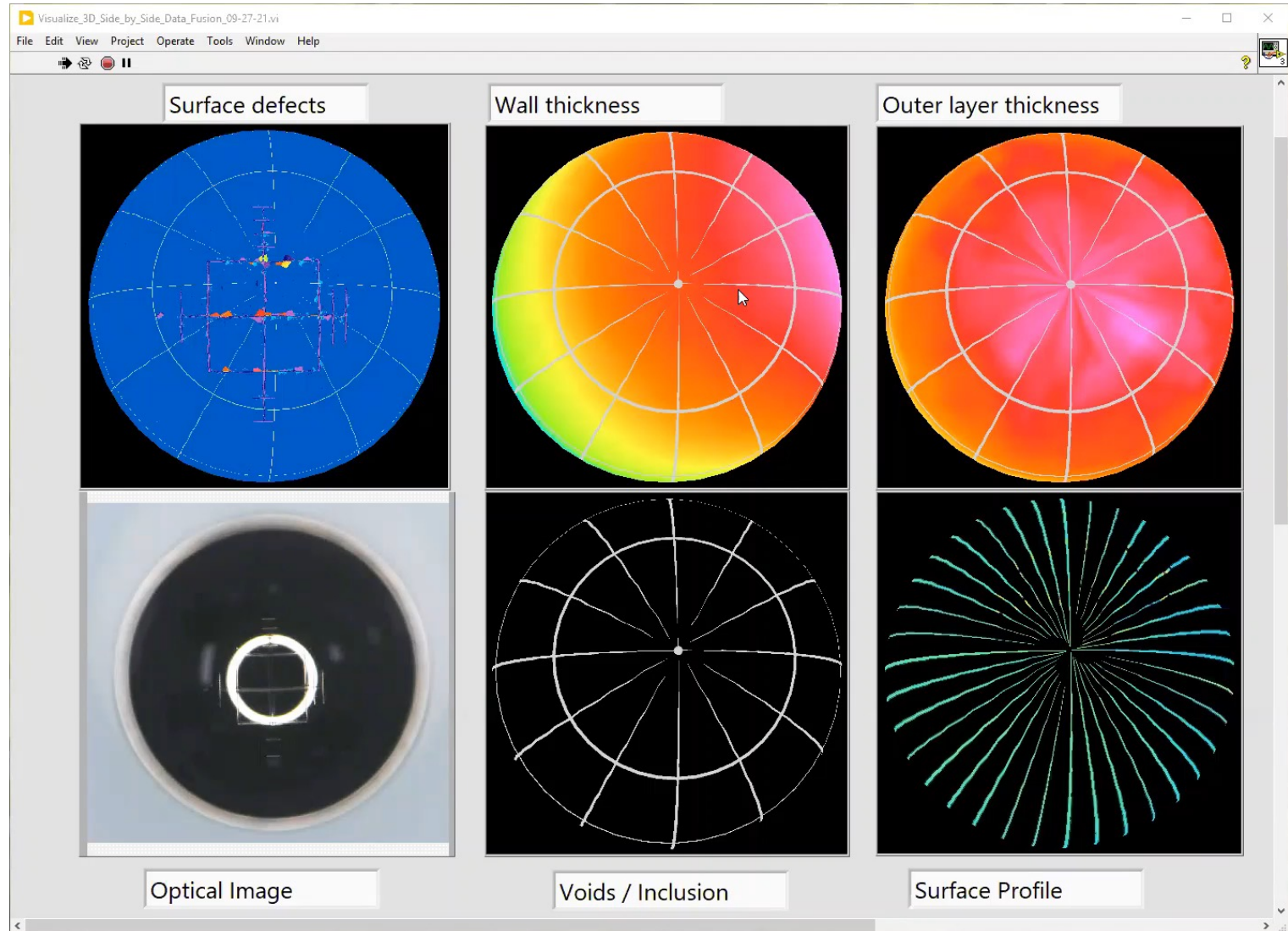


Capsule Metrology Vision: From single instrument to data fusion

From five instruments:

- Interference Microscope => Surface defects
- FTIR => Wall thickness
- Xradia => Voids
- AFM => Surface shape
- Nikon => Optical image

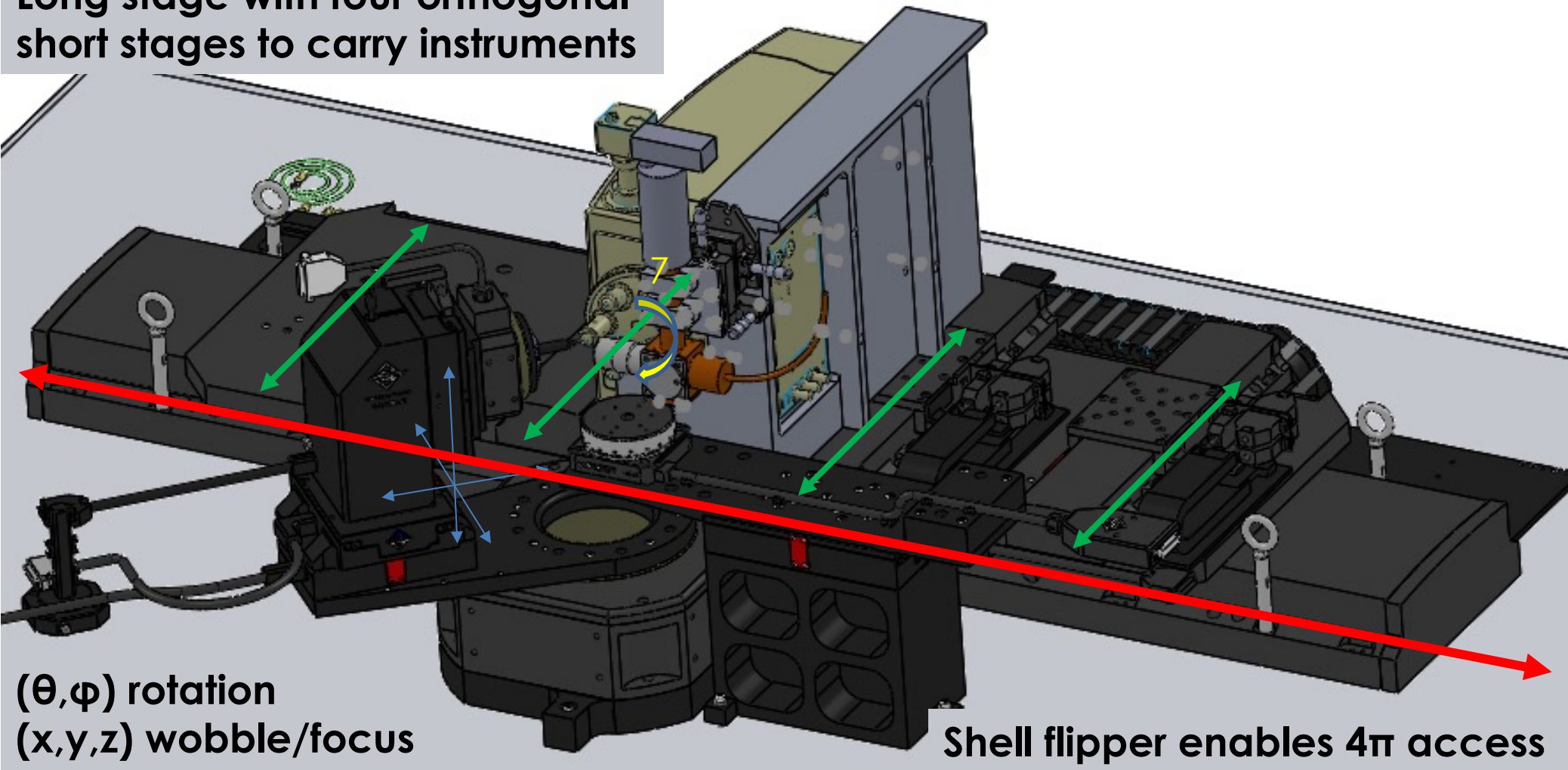
The same coordinate system



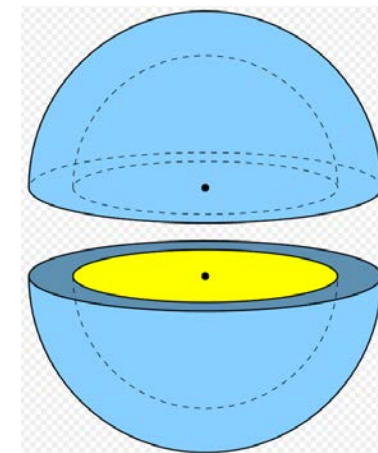
The "4Pi" example

Conceptualizing a 4Pi "aircraft carrier" with many instruments: Sharing common (θ, ϕ) is critical to benchmarking & efficiency

Long stage with four orthogonal short stages to carry instruments



2Pi + shell flipper equals 4Pi



Vacuum chuck

(θ, ϕ) rotation
(x, y, z) wobble/focus

Shell flipper enables 4π access

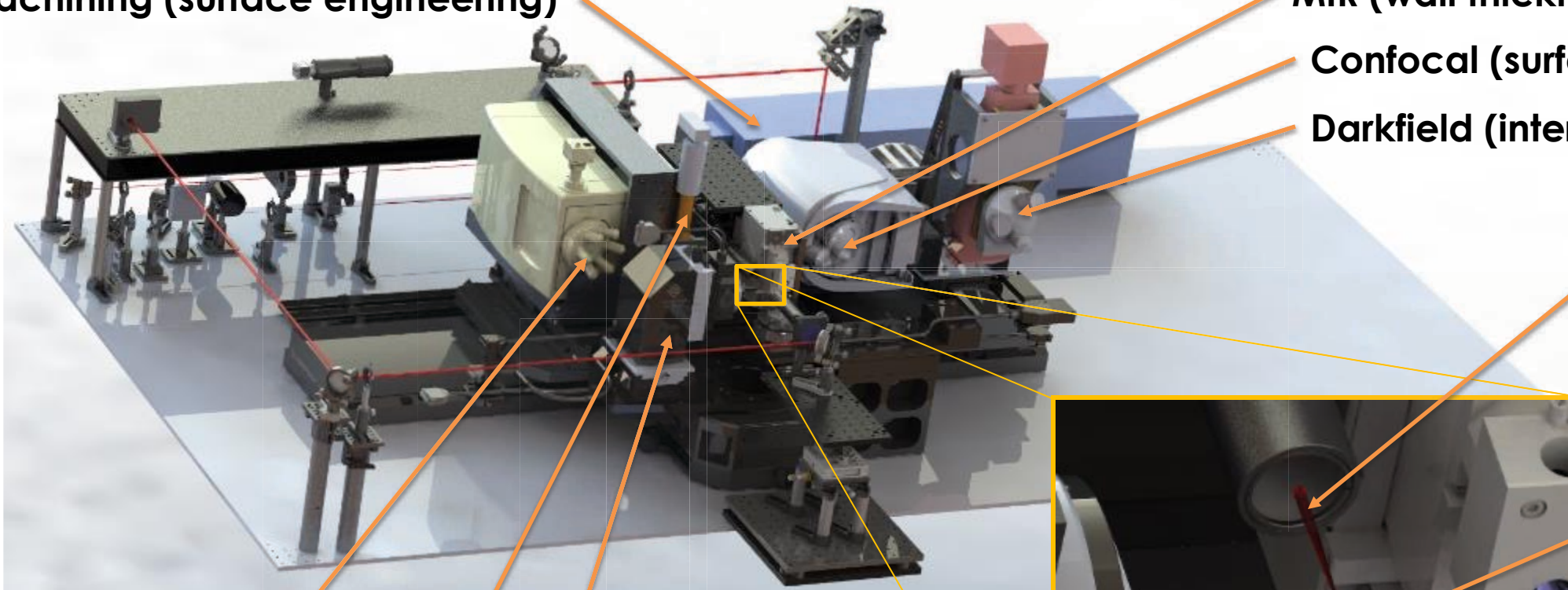
Today: Full capsule data fusion and surface engineering

Laser Machining (surface engineering)

MIR (wall thickness)

Confocal (surface defects)

Darkfield (interior defects)



Laser Machining

Capsule

Interference microscope (surface height)

NIR (wall thickness)

4pi capsule manipulation

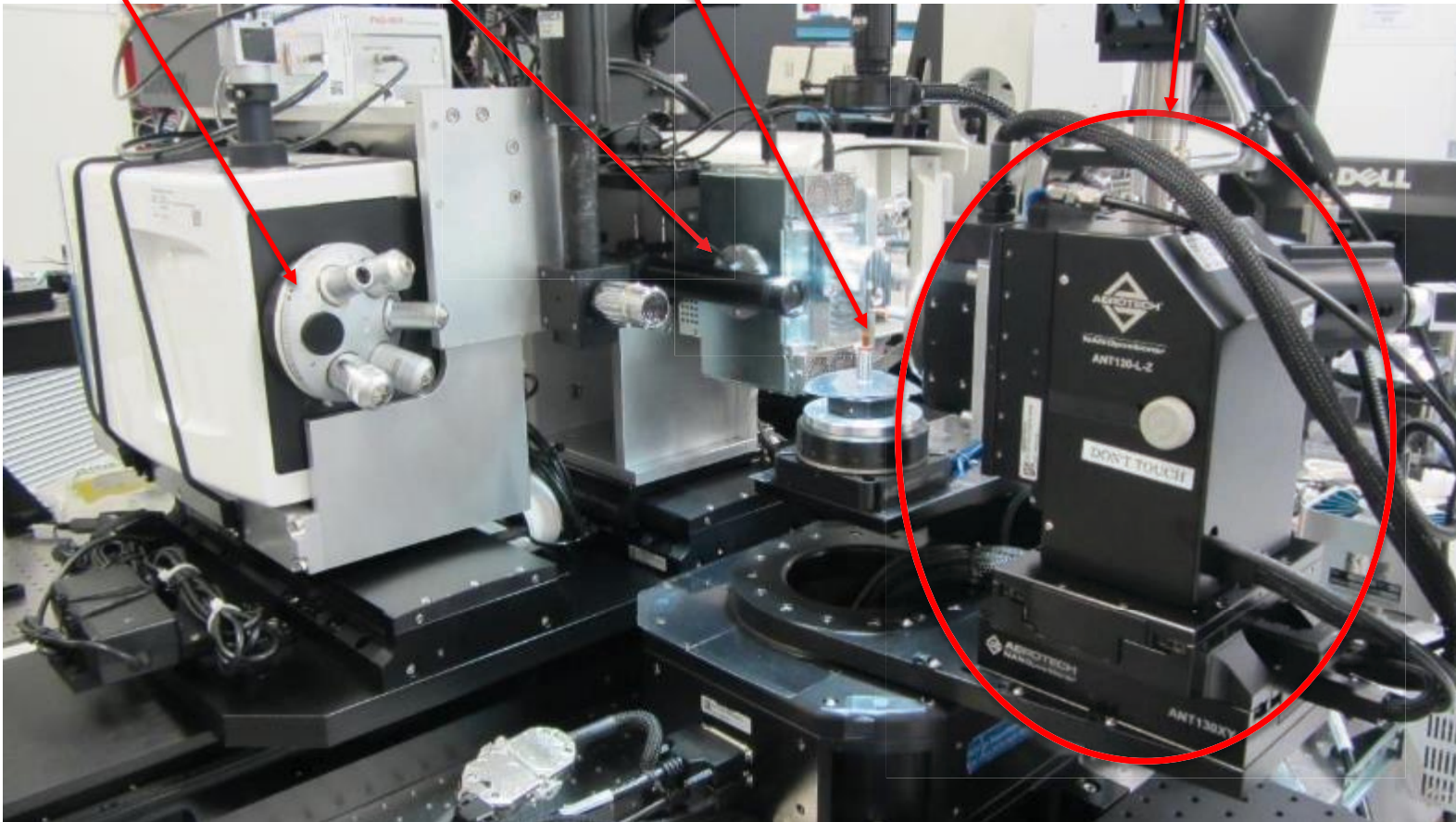
Today: Actual 4Pi hardware

Interference
Microscope

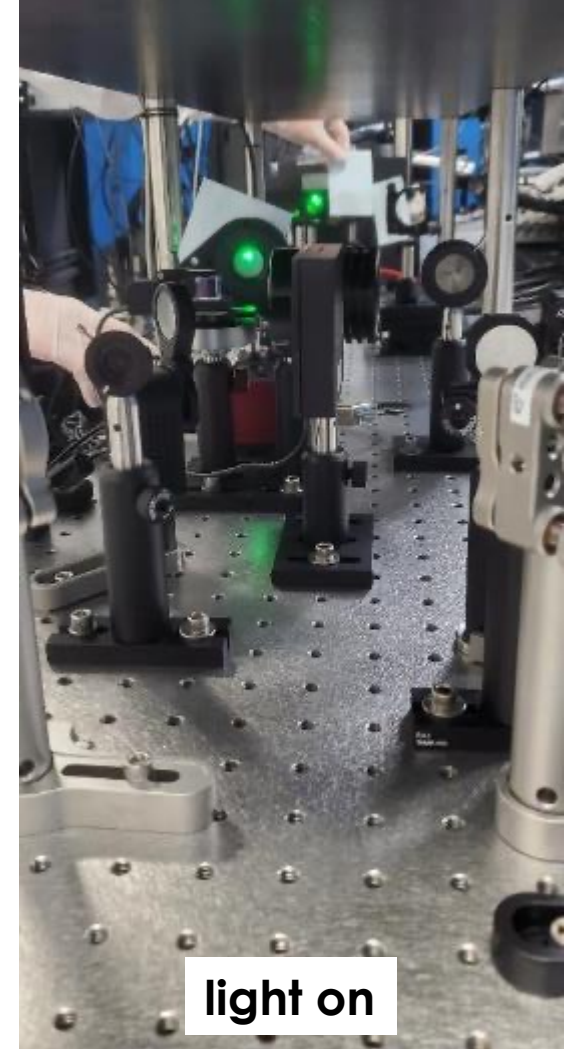
Laser
Machining

Capsule

4pi capsule manipulation



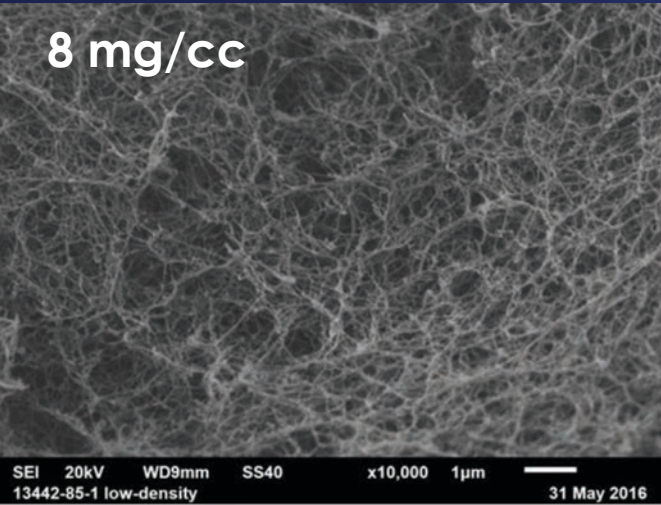
Two story optical table



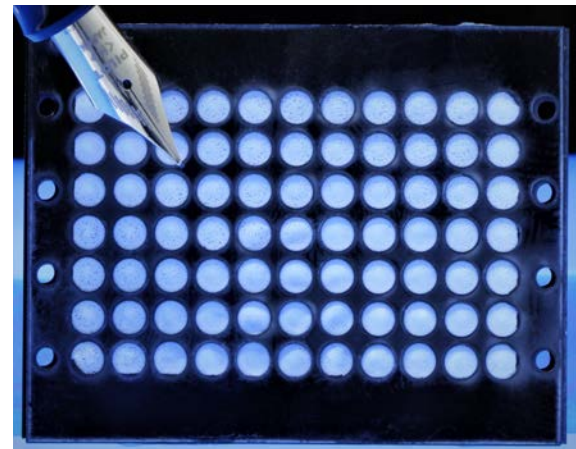
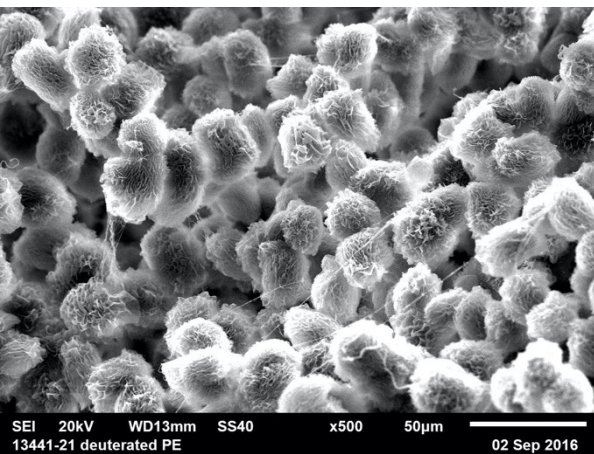
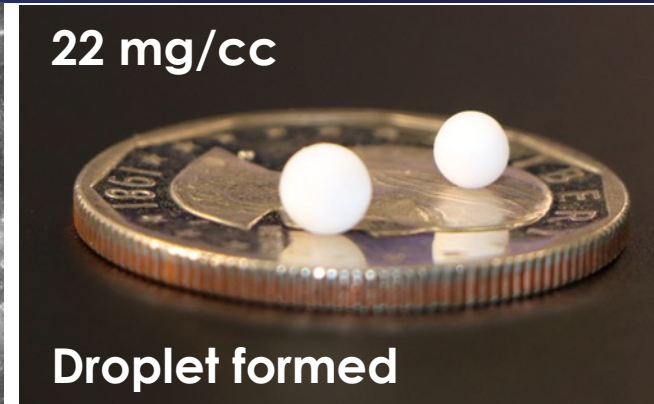
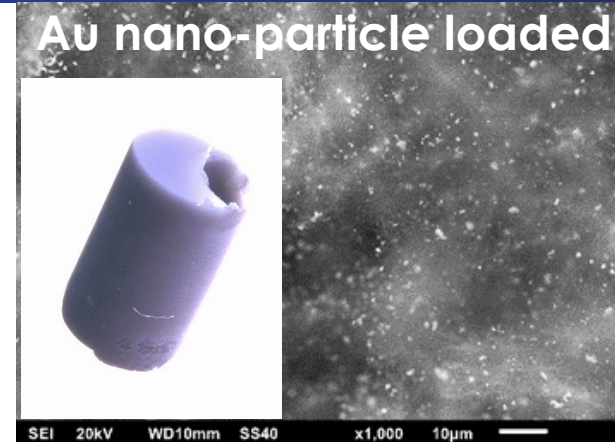
Outline

- GA Overview
- Target production for stockpile stewardship
- **Recent R&D focus**

Class-leading GACH / GACD foams combine low density with small cell size



- 1:1 C/H ratio
- 1 to 250 mg/cc
- Pore size <1 µm
- Bulk or sphere
- Nano-doping



CH₂ and CD₂ foams also available

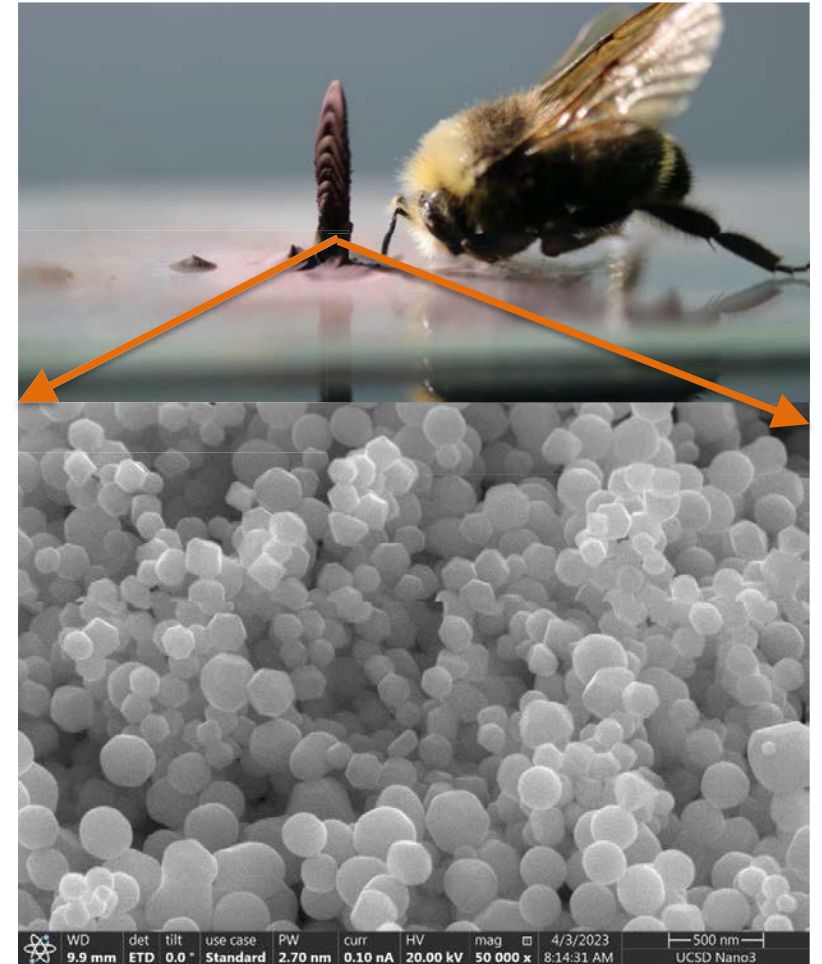
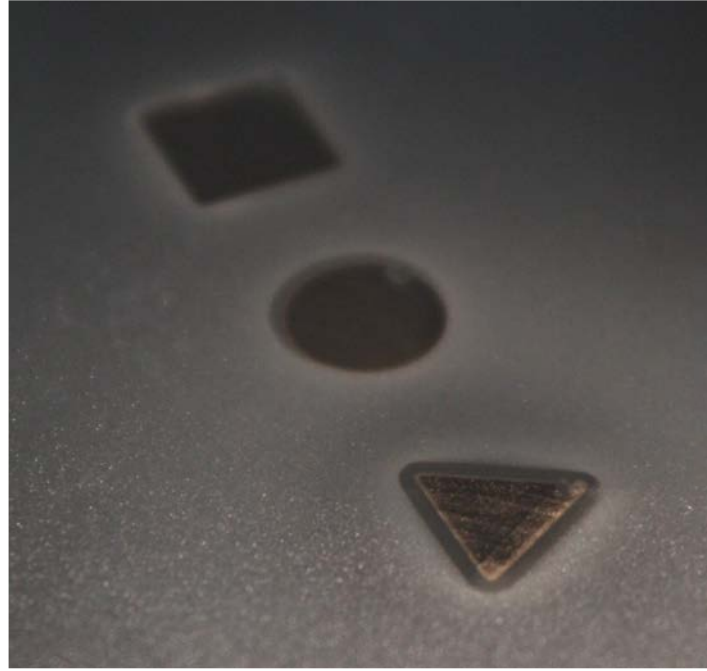
Rep-rated target arrays

Nano-particle dopant choices

■ Aerogels made or in progress (nanoparticle doped CH)
■ Supplies on hand. Experiments planned
■ Nanopowders commercially available
■ Aerogel via GACHX polymer series (non nanoparticle)

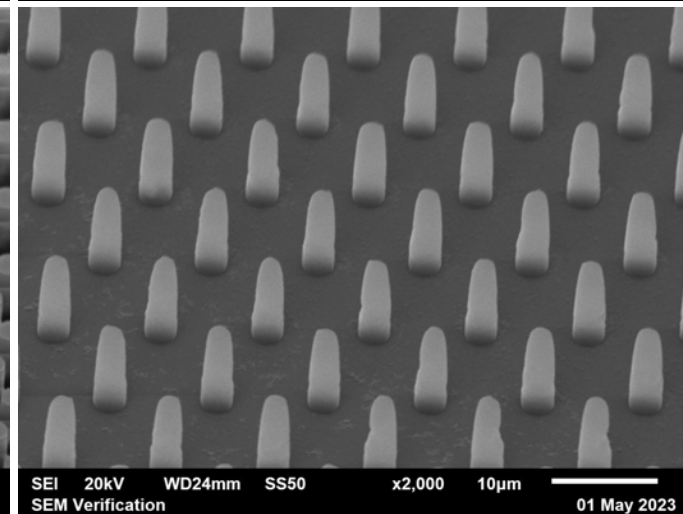
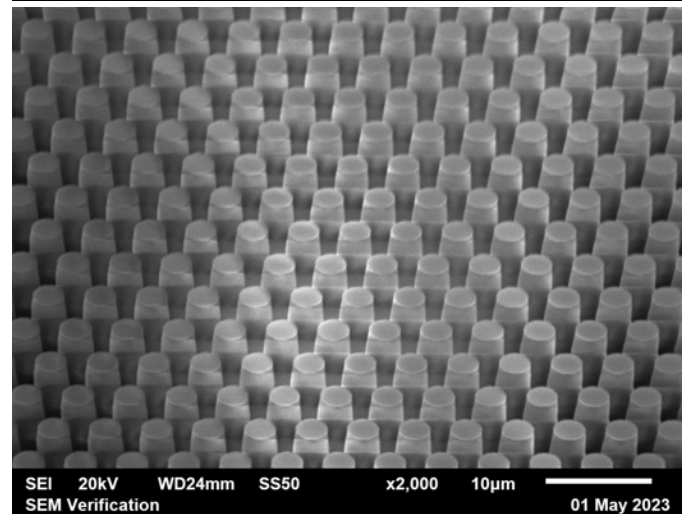
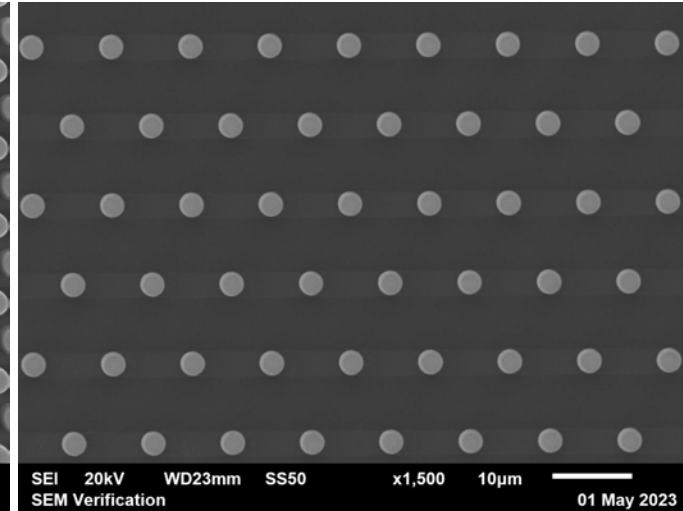
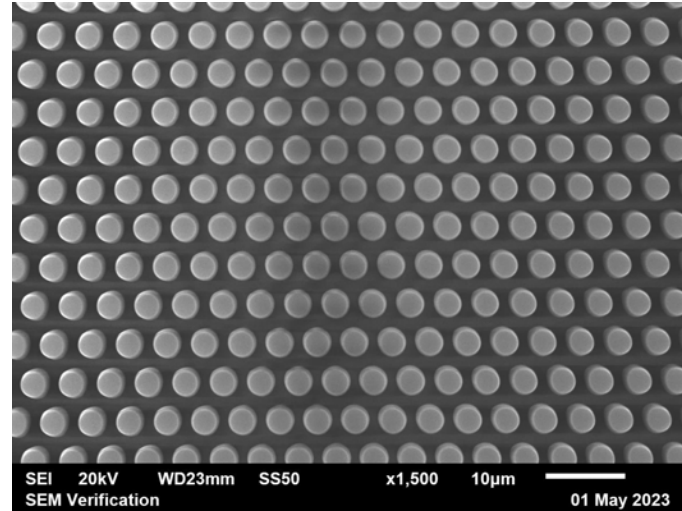
1																	18
1 H 1.008																	2 He 4.0026
3 Li 6.94	4 Be 9.0122											5 B 10.81	6 C 12.011	7 N 14.007	8 O 15.999	9 F 18.998	10 Ne 20.180
11 Na 22.990	12 Mg 24.305											13 Al 26.982	14 Si 28.085	15 P 30.974	16 S 32.06	17 Cl 35.45	18 Ar 39.948
19 K 39.098	20 Ca 40.078	21 Sc 44.956	22 Ti 47.867	23 V 50.942	24 Cr 51.996	25 Mn 54.938	26 Fe 55.845	27 Co 58.933	28 Ni 58.693	29 Cu 63.546	30 Zn 65.38	31 Ga 69.723	32 Ge 72.630	33 As 74.922	34 Se 78.97	35 Br 79.904	36 Kr 83.798
37 Rb 85.468	38 Sr 87.62	39 Y 88.906	40 Zr 91.224	41 Nb 92.906	42 Mo 95.95	43 Tc (98)	44 Ru 101.07	45 Rh 102.91	46 Pd 106.42	47 Ag 107.87	48 Cd 112.41	49 In 114.82	50 Sn 118.71	51 Sb 121.76	52 Te 127.60	53 I 126.90	54 Xe 131.29
55 Cs 132.91	56 Ba 137.33	57-71 *	72 Hf 178.49	73 Ta 180.95	74 W 183.84	75 Re 186.21	76 Os 190.23	77 Ir 192.22	78 Pt 195.08	79 Au 196.97	80 Hg 200.59	81 Tl 204.38	82 Pb 207.2	83 Bi 208.98	84 Po (209)	85 At (210)	86 Rn (222)
87 Fr (223)	88 Ra (226)	89-103 #	104 Rf (265)	105 Db (268)	106 Sg (271)	107 Bh (270)	108 Hs (277)	109 Mt (276)	110 Ds (281)	111 Rg (280)	112 Cn (285)	113 Nh (286)	114 Fl (289)	115 Mc (289)	116 Lv (293)	117 Ts (294)	118 Og (294)
* Lanthanide series																	
57 La 138.91	58 Ce 140.12	59 Pr 140.91	60 Nd 144.24	61 Pm (145)	62 Sm 150.36	63 Eu 151.96	64 Gd 157.25	65 Tb 158.93	66 Dy 162.50	67 Ho 164.93	68 Er 167.26	69 Tm 168.93	70 Yb 173.05	71 Lu 174.97			
# Actinide series																	
89 Ac (227)	90 Th 232.04	91 Pa 231.04	92 U 238.03	93 Np (237)	94 Pu (244)	95 Am (243)	96 Cm (247)	97 Bk (247)	98 Cf (251)	99 Es (252)	100 Fm (257)	101 Md (258)	102 No (259)	103 Lr (262)			

Pure-metal-foam printing capabilities are being developed

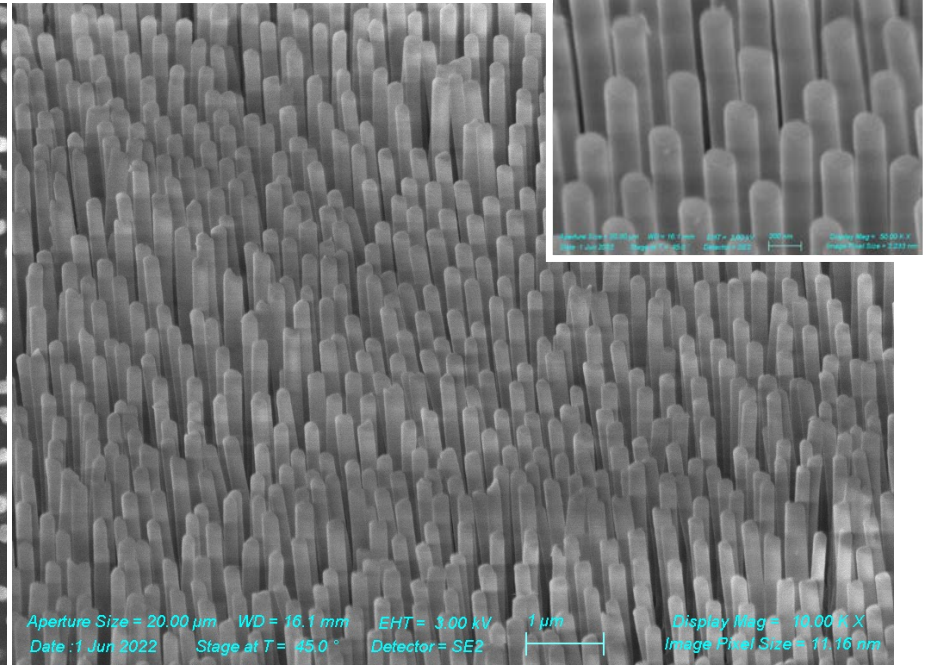
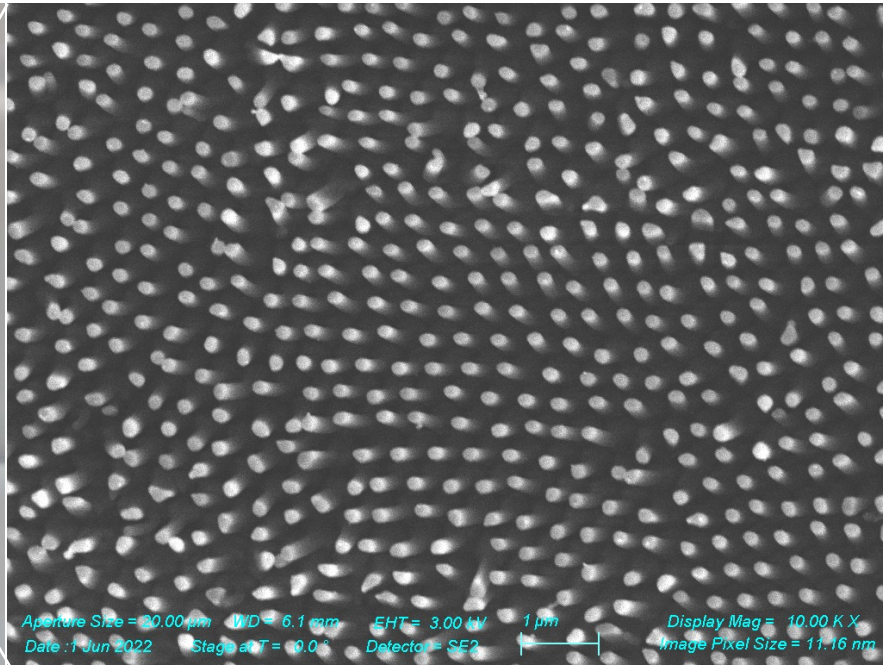
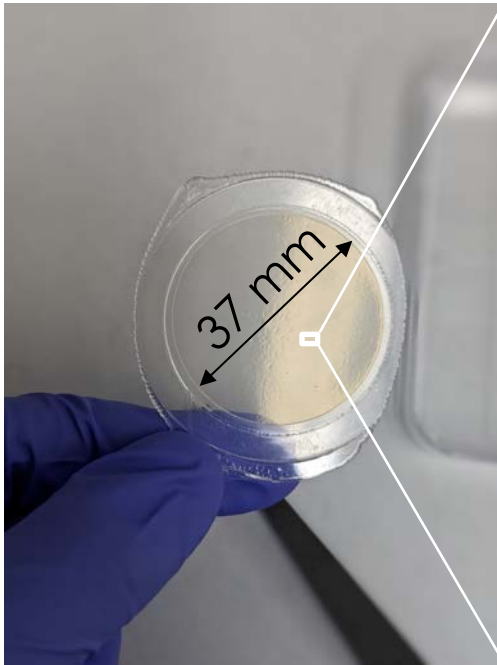


Copper and tungsten have been demonstrated, but most sputterable metals are possible.

Polystyrene nanowire targets in deuterated form or with embedded nanoparticles have been demonstrated

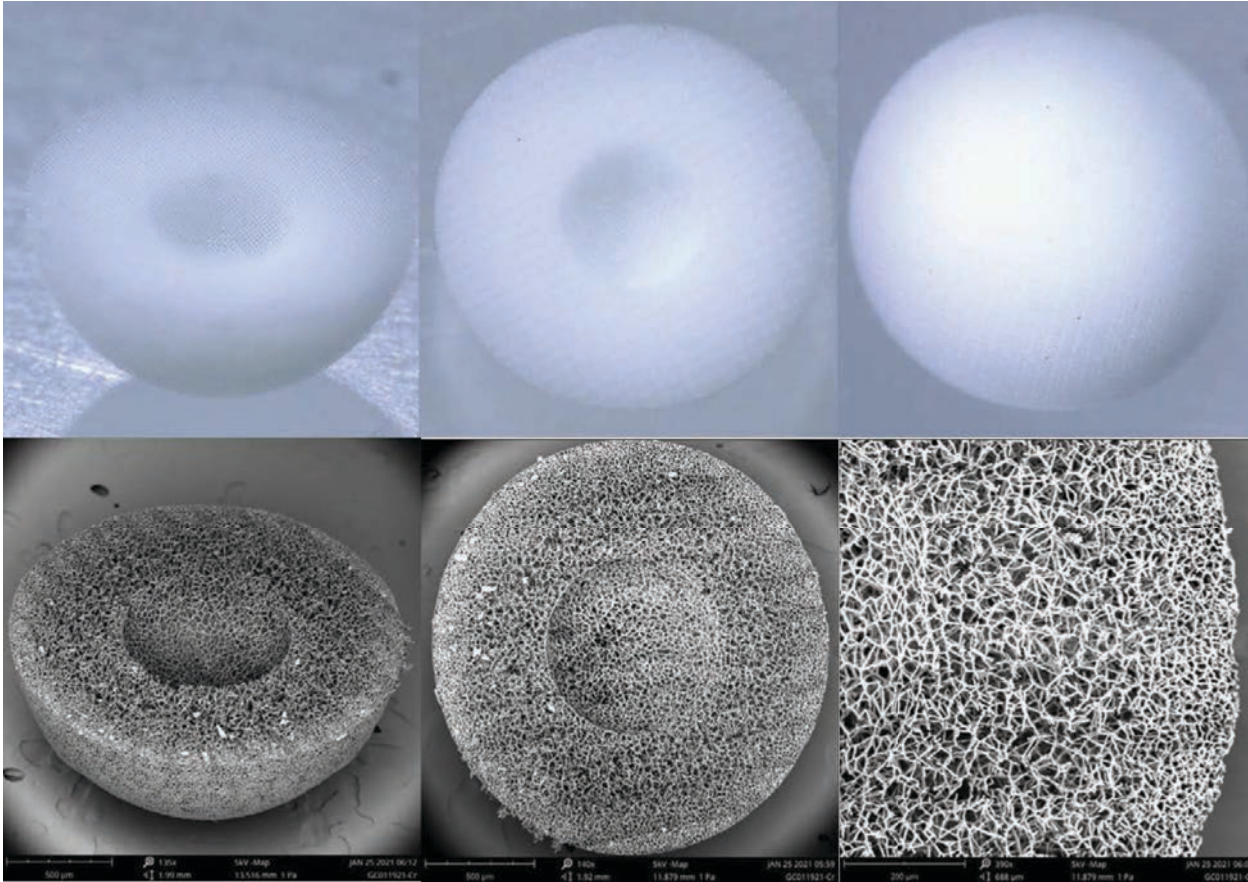


Polystyrene nanowire targets in deuterated form or with embedded nanoparticles have been demonstrated



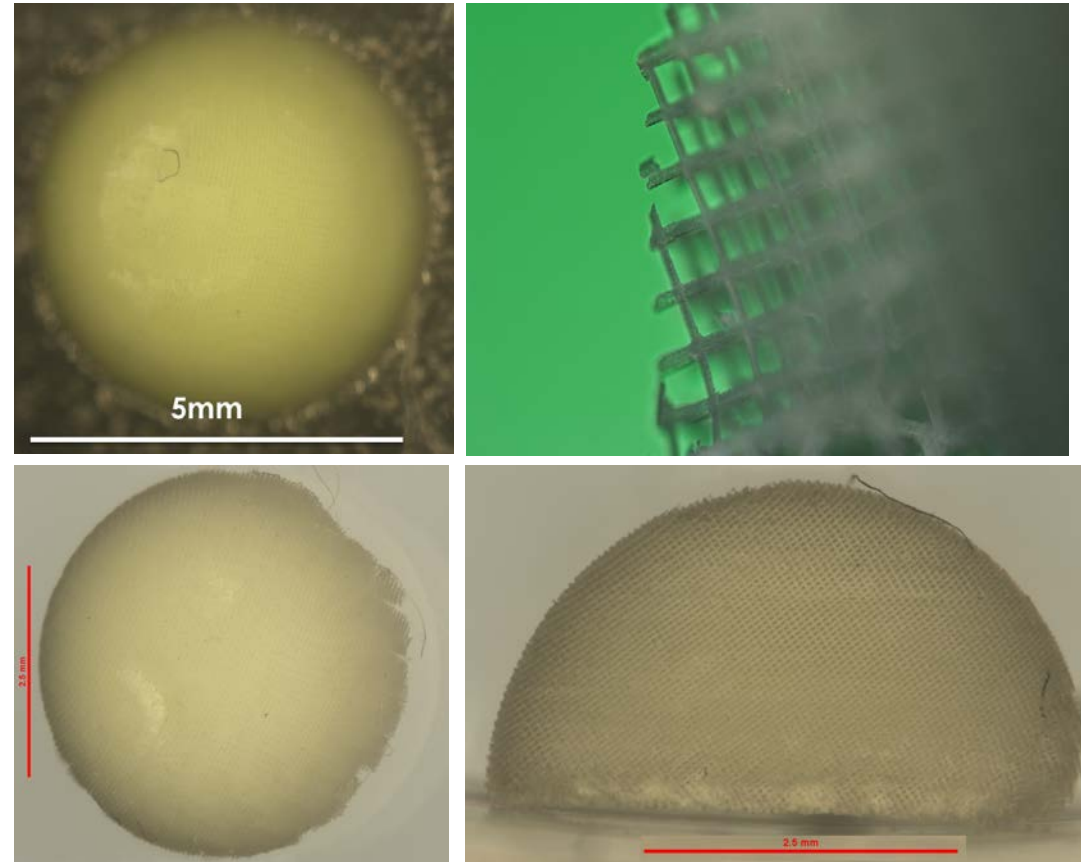
2PP fabrication of foam shells shows promise for wetted-foam IFE designs

CHO polymer, BCC lattice



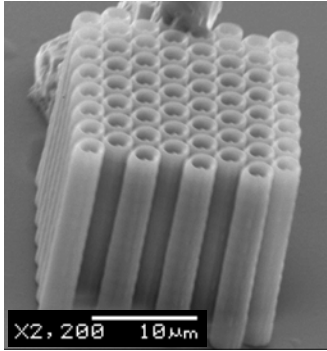
CHO polymer, Stochastic gradient lattice

Deuterated polymer

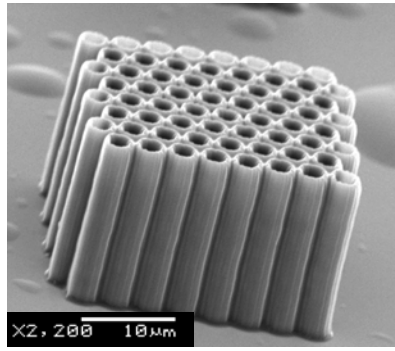


Low oxygen deuterated polymer (needs more R&D)

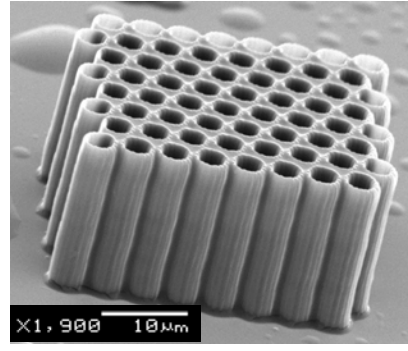
2PP techniques are being developed for radiation source development



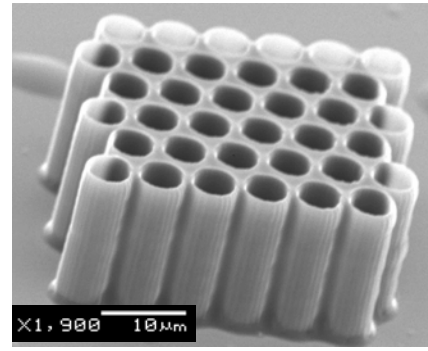
1 μm ID, 20 μm Tall



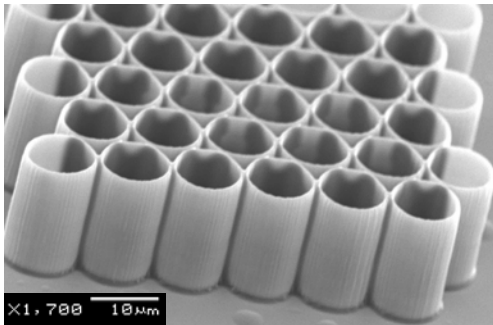
2 μm ID, 20 μm Tall



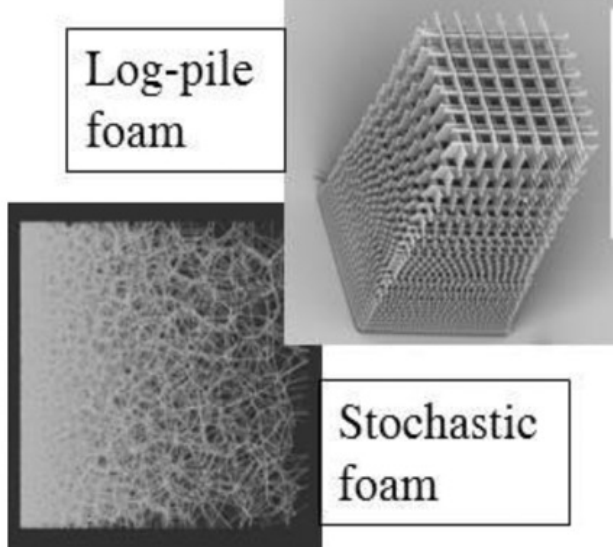
3 μm ID, 20 μm Tall



5 μm ID, 20 μm Tall

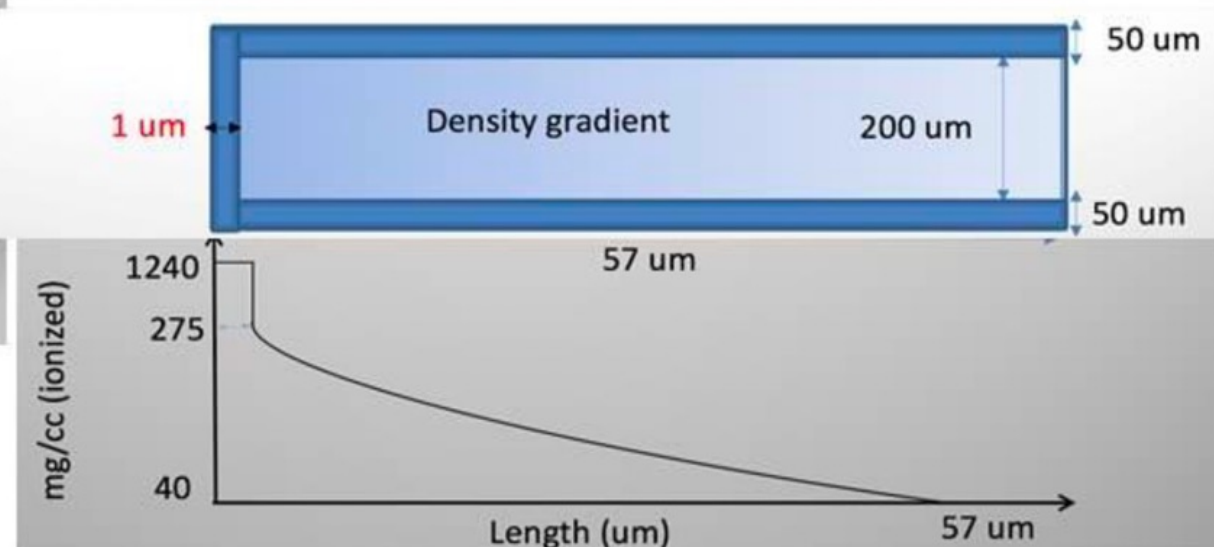


10 μm ID, 20 μm Tall

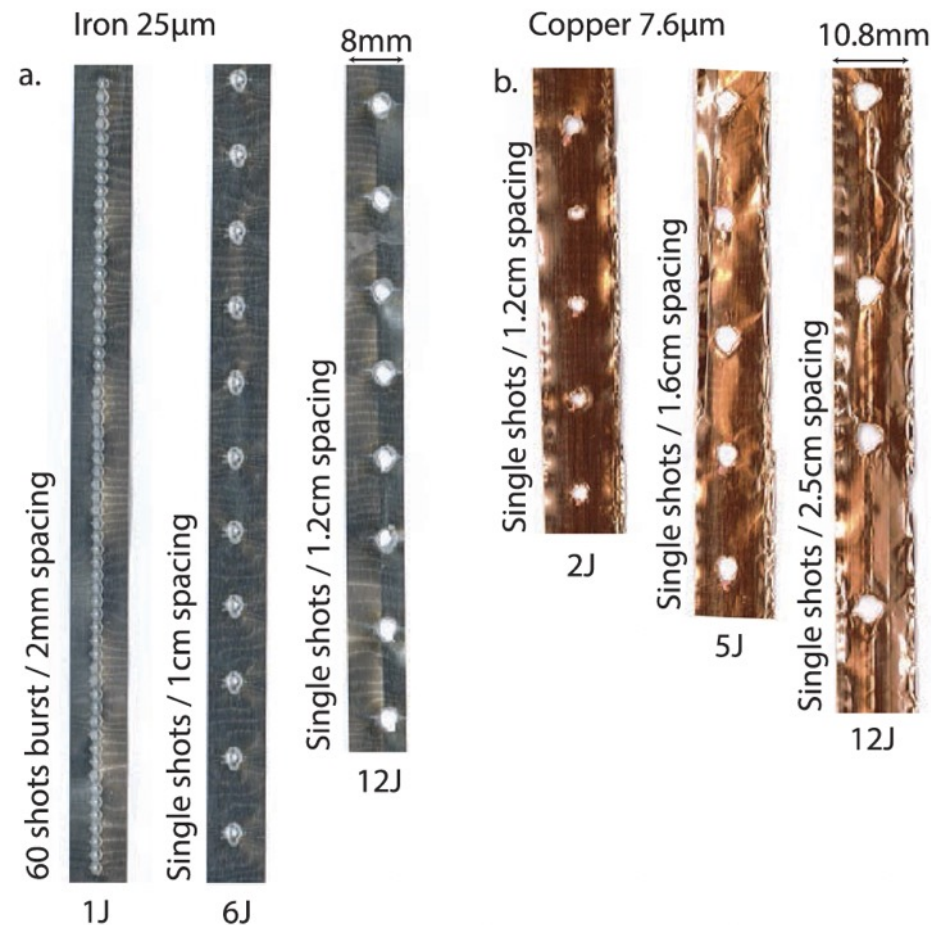
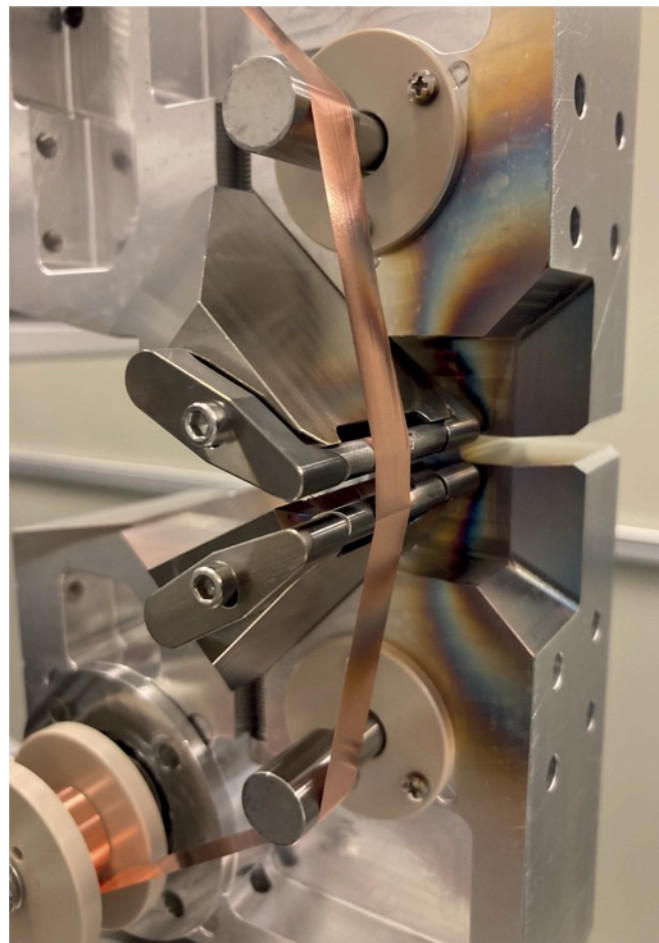
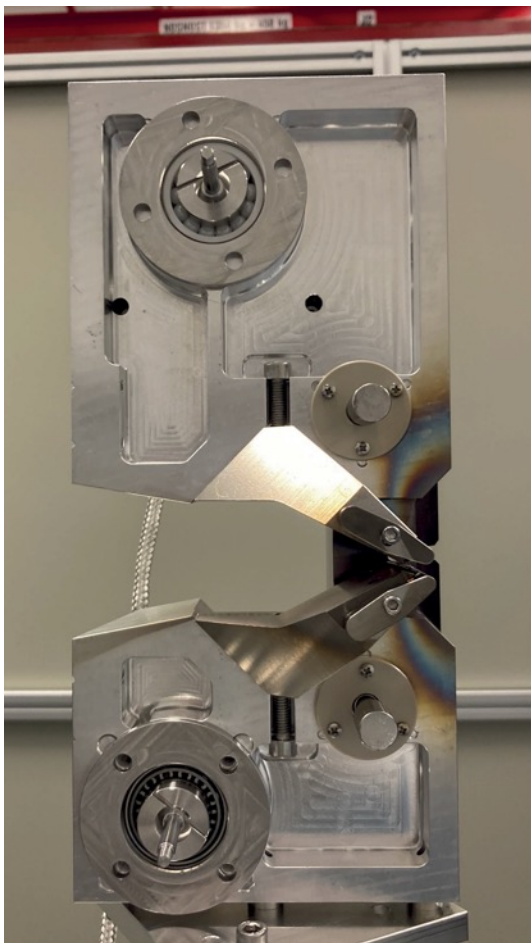


Log-pile
foam

Stochastic
foam



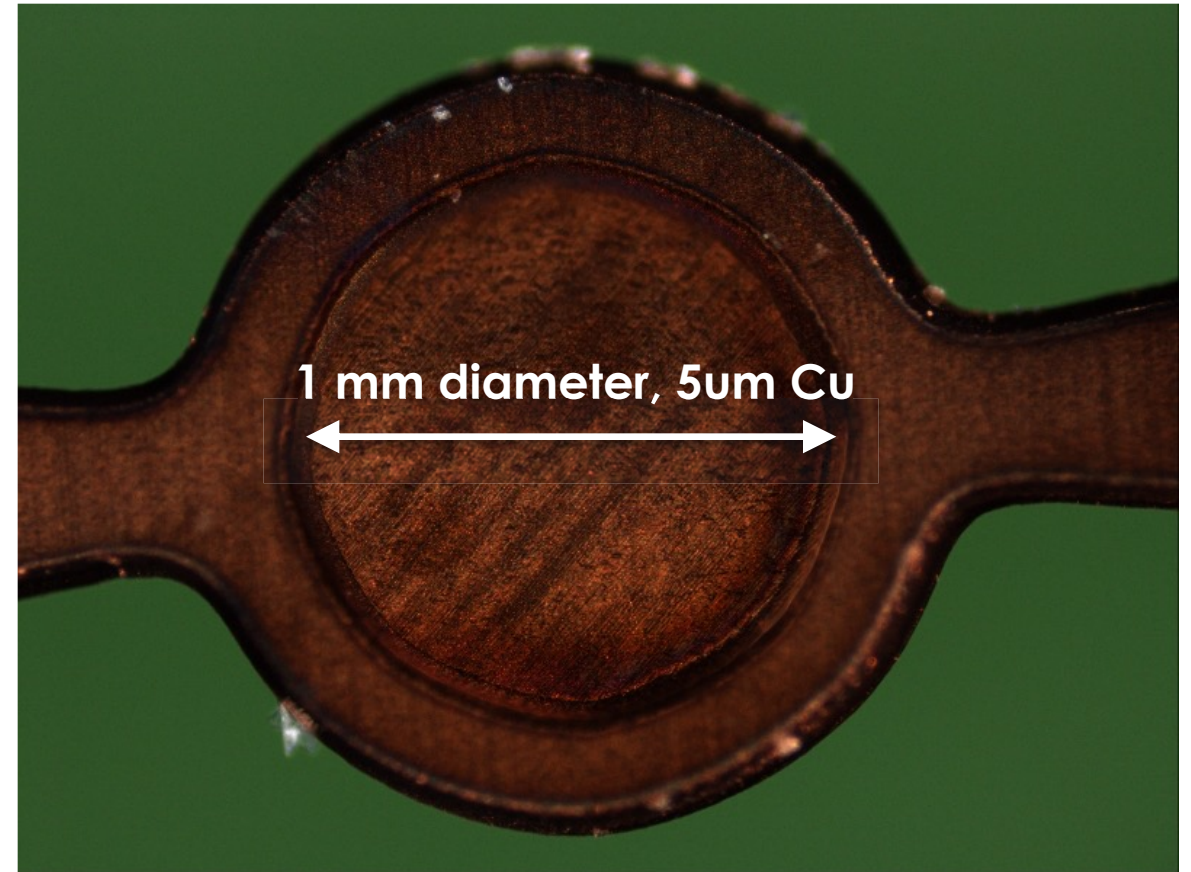
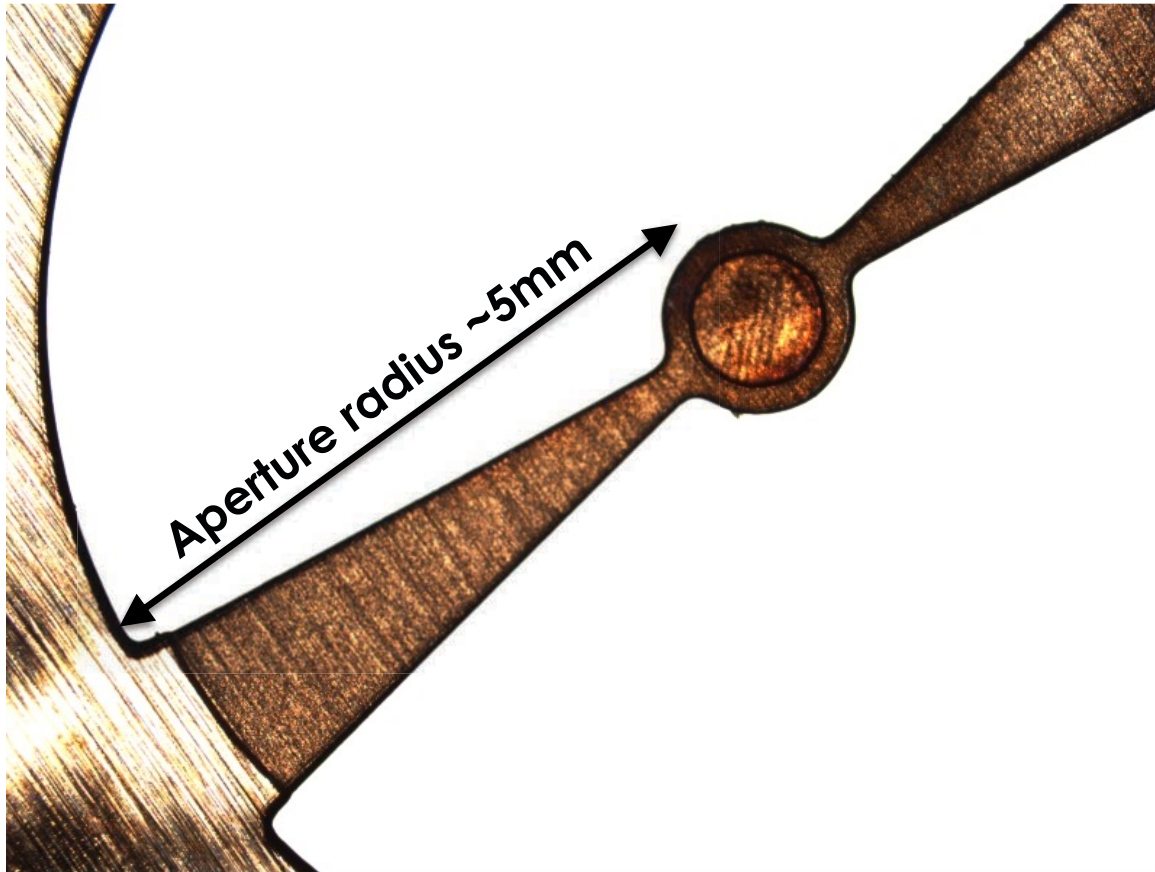
We are presently collaborating with ELI-Beamlines to develop complex target deployment using a tape-drive system



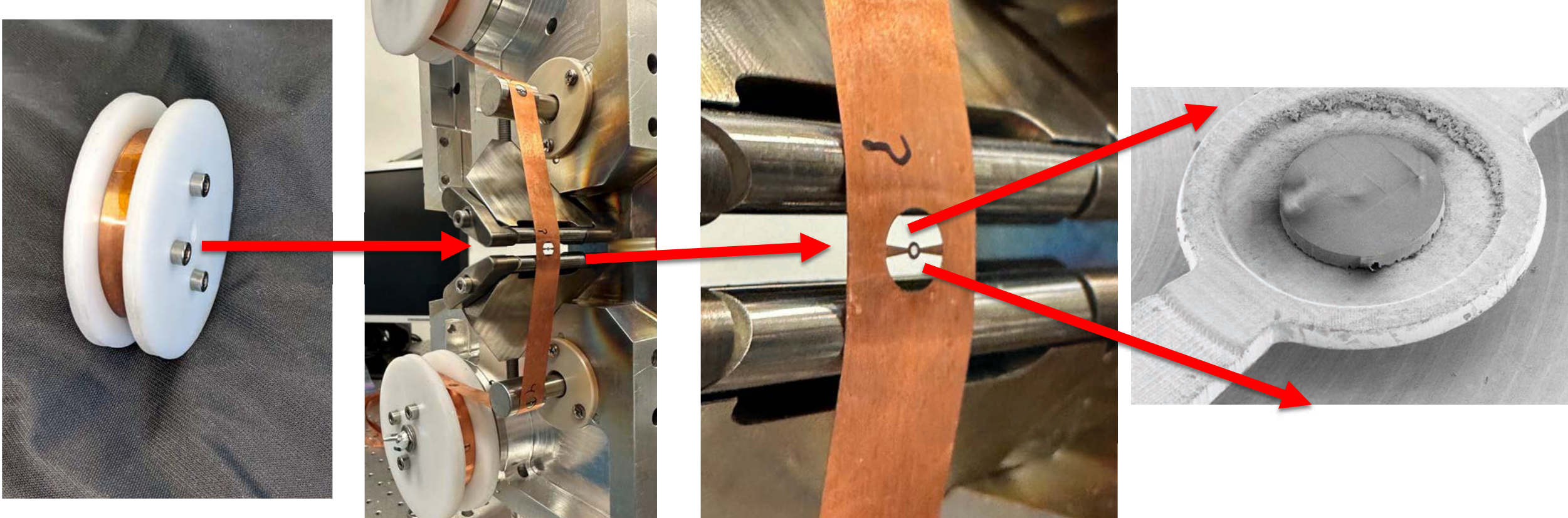
Replica system for testing and development will be available in 2023

*Condamine, RSI 92 (2021)

Apertured targets significantly reduce target mass for rep-rated HED experiments

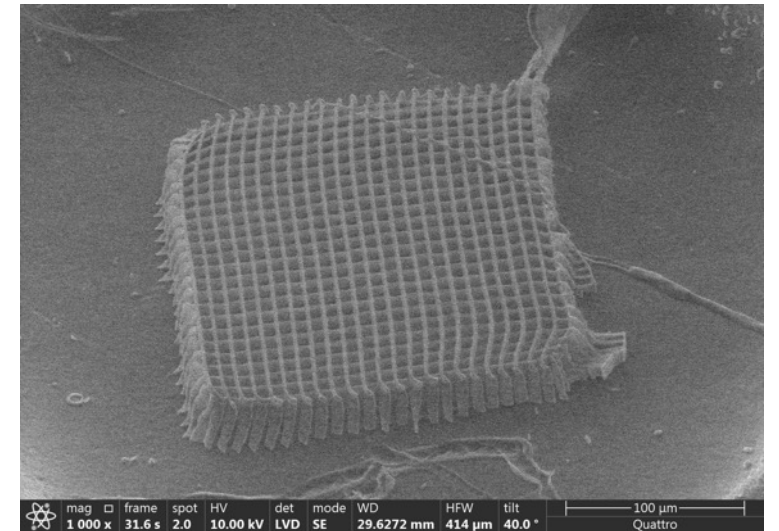
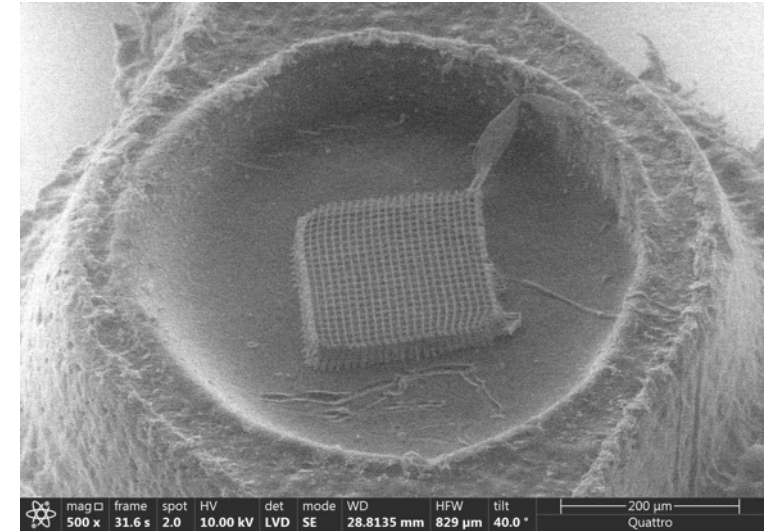
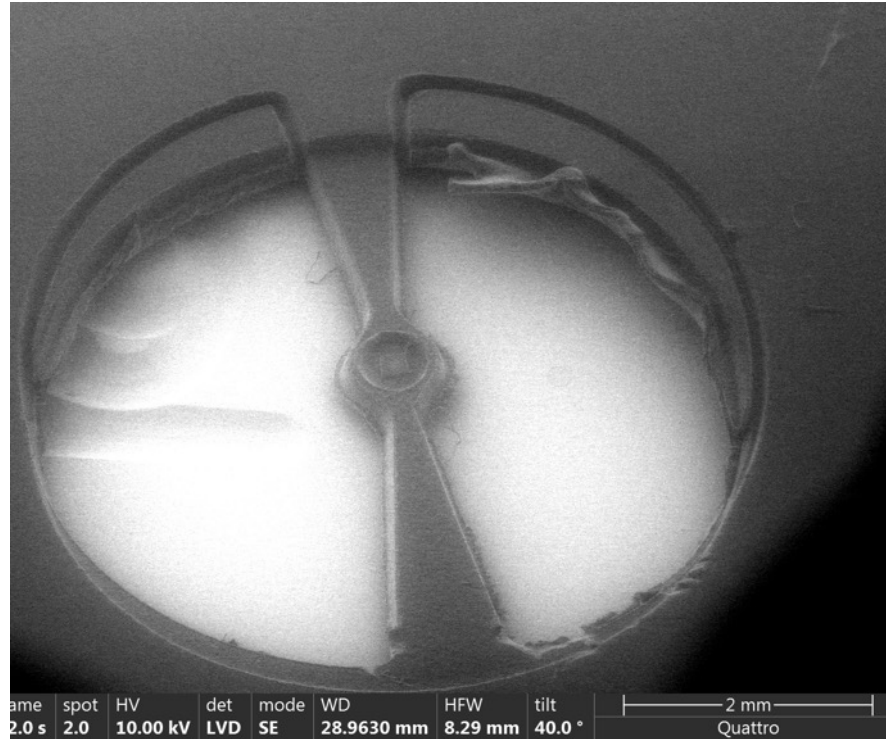
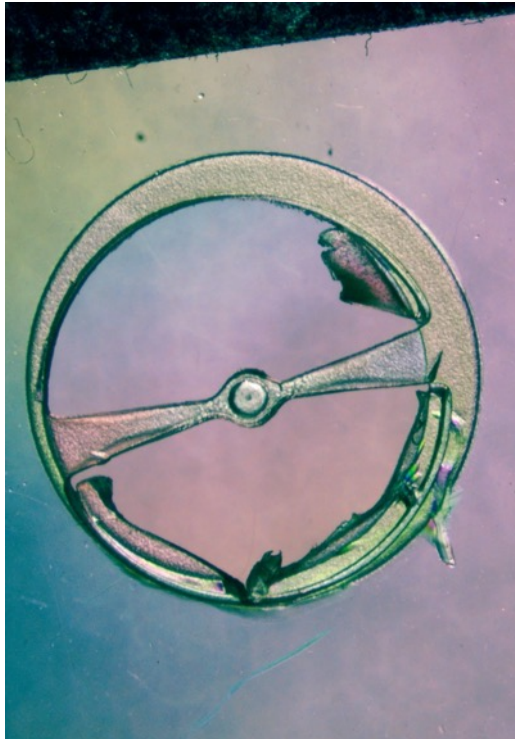


GA aperture-tape holds complex and rigid 3D structures, mitigates ablation debris, and can be flexed, rolled, and transported



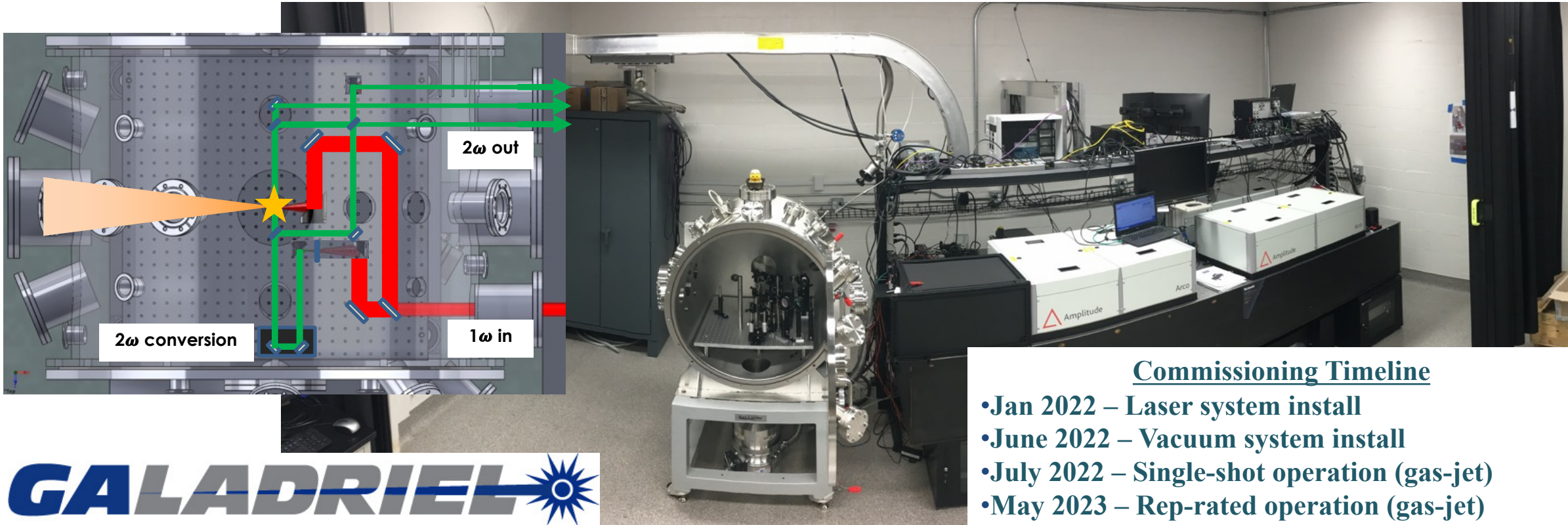
First demonstration shots using L4n executed in November 2022

We have demonstrated the ability to print 2PP structures on ~30um-thick plastic ribbon for rep-rated HED experiments



Commissioning of the General Atomics Laboratory for Developing Rep-rated Instrumentation and Experiments with Lasers (GALADRIEL)

Our goal is to develop technologies necessary to utilize rep-rated (~ 0.1 - 10 Hz) capabilities of present and next-generation High-Energy-Density science facilities located in the US and abroad.

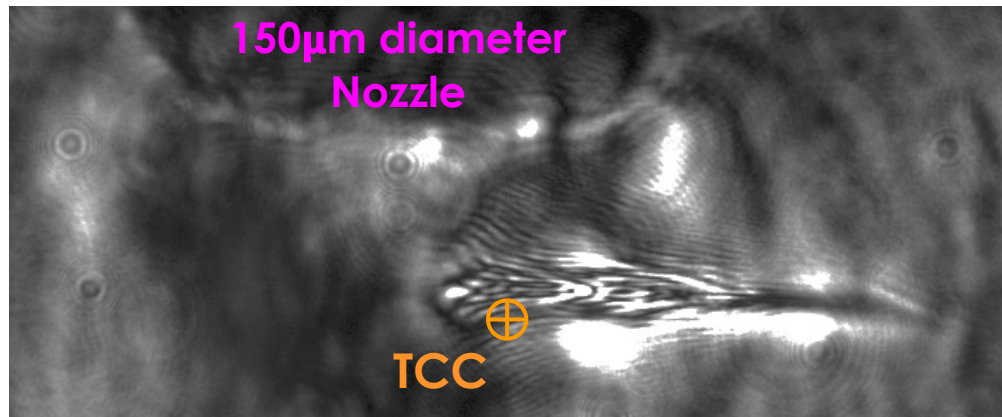


Commissioning Timeline

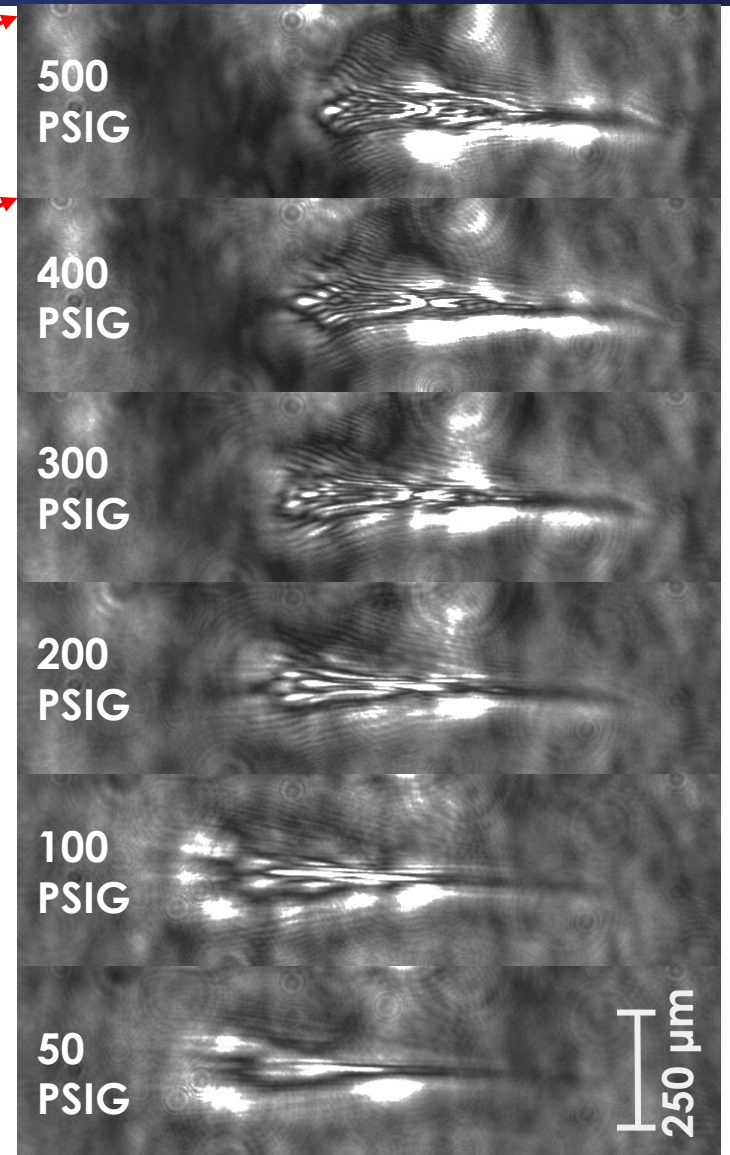
- Jan 2022 – Laser system install
- June 2022 – Vacuum system install
- July 2022 – Single-shot operation (gas-jet)
- May 2023 – Rep-rated operation (gas-jet)
- August 2023 – Implement tape-drive system

GALADRIEL 

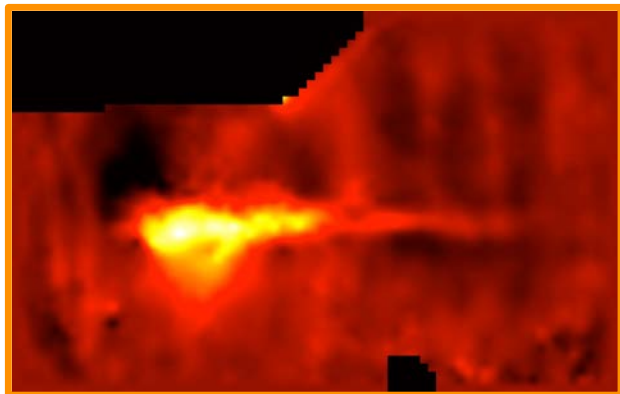
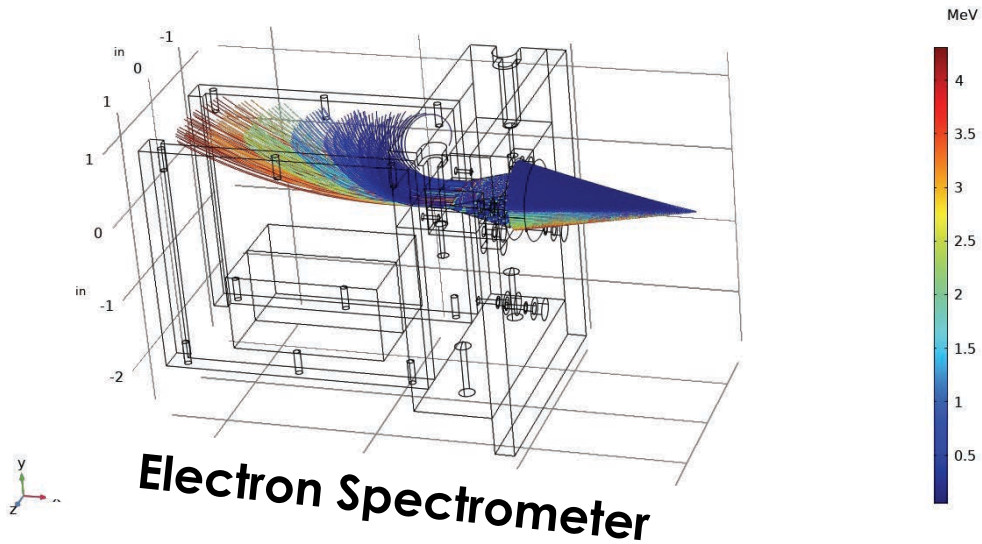
GALADRIEL commissioning experiments began in July 2022



- **Pulsed gas-jet capable of 10Hz operation**
 - $\sim 500\mu$ s valve-open time, ~ 40 ms hold time
- **Remote control of nozzle position and gas pressure**
 - Presently using N_2 or He
- **Shadowgraphy using 400nm or 800nm probe**
 - Data show channel formation and differences in evolution after ~ 200 ps of expansion

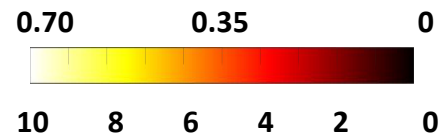


Rep-rated technology development on GALADRIEL

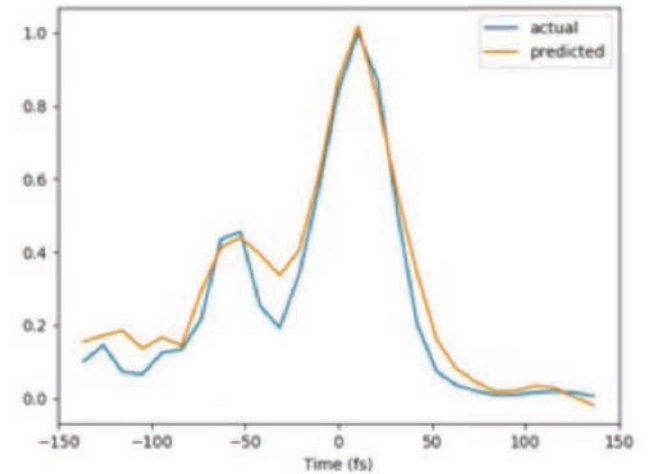
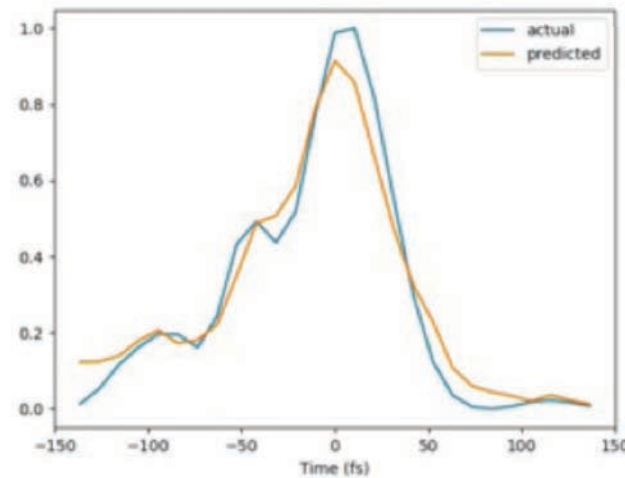
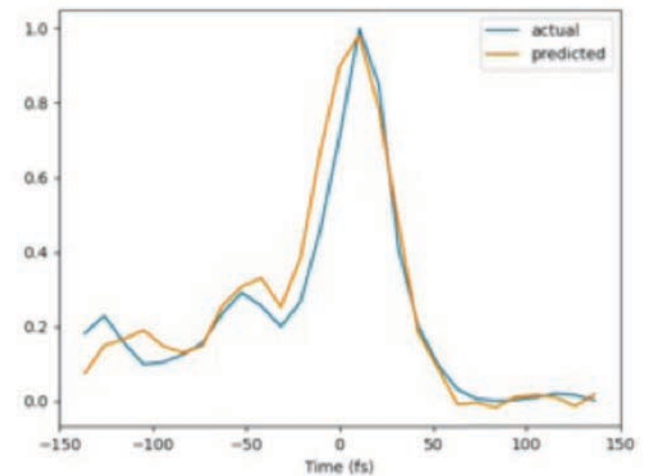
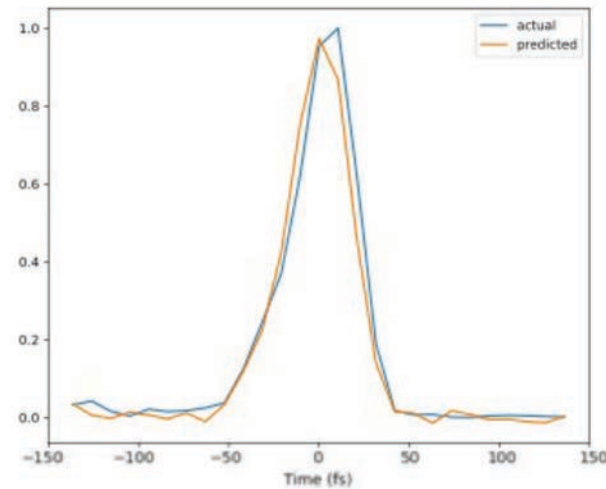


Areal Electron Density ($10^{17} \text{ e}^-/\text{cm}^2$)

Wavefront Shift (μm)



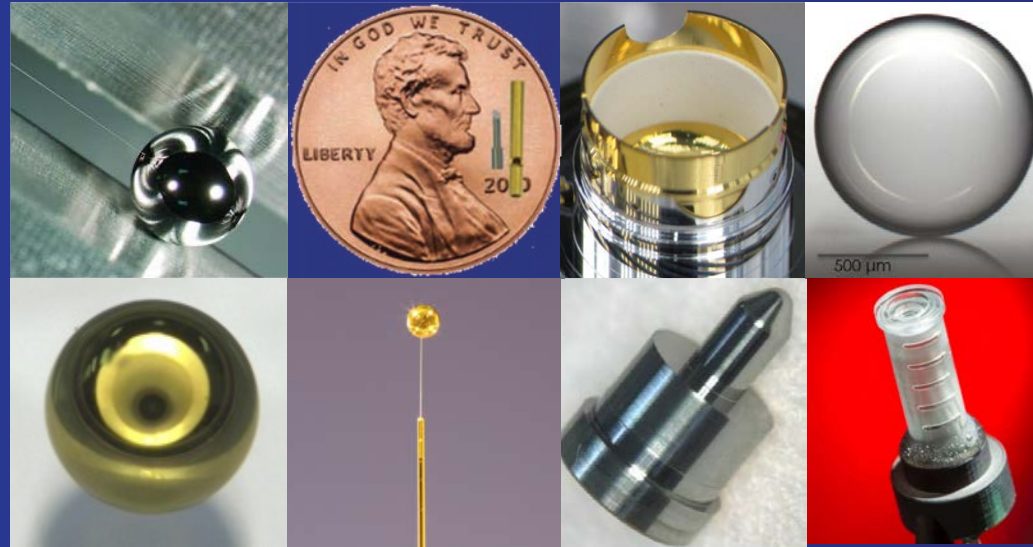
Rapid analysis of probe beam diagnostics



ML-algorithm development for compressed-pulse shaping

Target Fabrication at General Atomics

Questions?



Mario Manuel
manuelm@fusion.gat.com

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