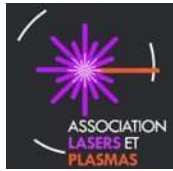




# PETAL-UPgrade

Emmanuel HUGONNOT – CEA Cesta



# The PETAL UPgrade project



- aims to improve performances of
- is co-funded by
- has been launched in **07/2021**



The goal is to improve PETAL laser performances

- **adjustable temporal contrast**
- **1 kJ pulse energy**
- **two beams delivery on target**

and to **possibly** add a **B-field capability** on the LMJ-PETAL experiment subsystem

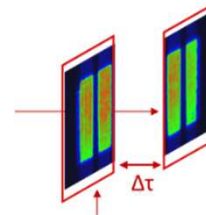
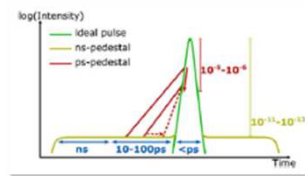
**Wishes of the community  
gathered at the 1<sup>st</sup> LMJ-  
PETAL user meeting (2018)**



# Four axis

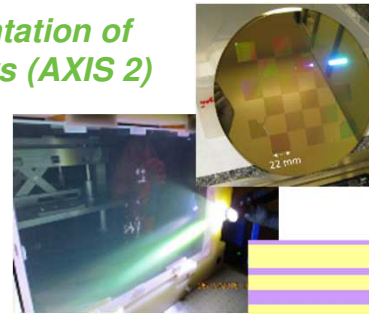
**AXIS 1:** Control of temporal contrast on target

*New front-end with adjustable temporal contrast (AXIS 1) and beam splitting with delay lines (AXIS 3)*



**AXIS 2:** Increase of energy on target

*Implementation of new mirrors (AXIS 2)*



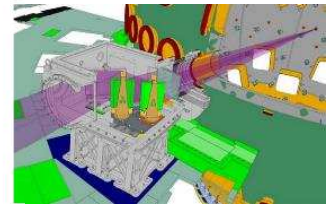
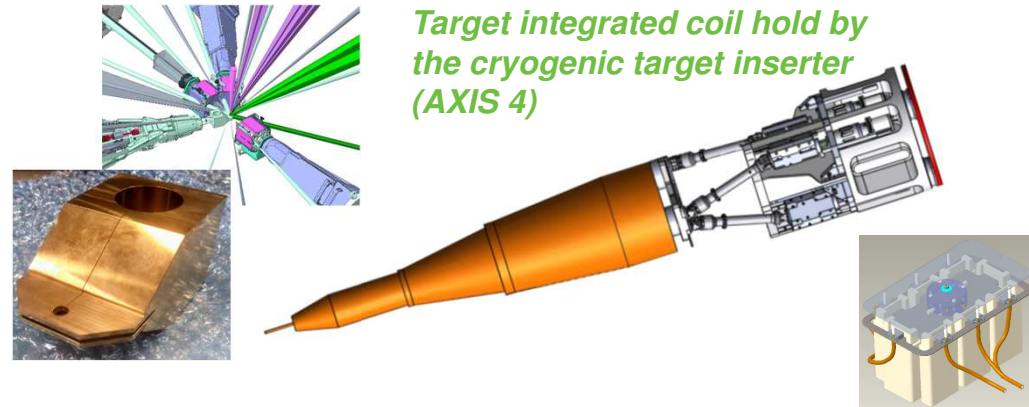
V4 = design optimisé  
(HL)<sup>x</sup> i<sub>1</sub>H i<sub>2</sub>L i<sub>3</sub>H [...] i<sub>2</sub>H

**AXIS 3:** Adaptation to the production of two beams



**AXIS 4:** Implementation of experiments in the presence of a strong magnetic field

*Target integrated coil hold by the cryogenic target inserter (AXIS 4)*

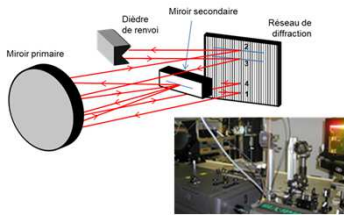


*Segmentation of the last delivery mirror (AXIS 3)*

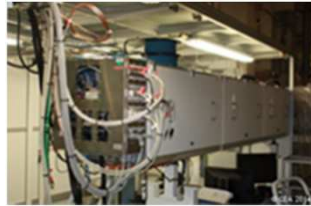


# A new front-end (AXIS 1+2+3)

- PETAL front-end V1 is based on OPCPA (CPA + ns OPA)



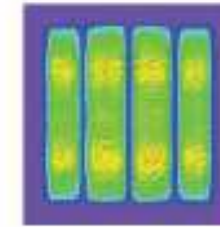
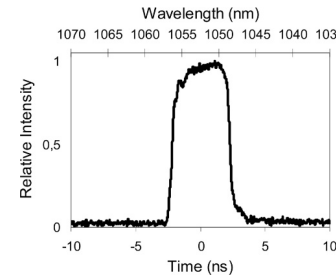
Öffner stretcher



PETAL PAM

Chirped pulse  
8 nm, 4.5 ns  
150 mJ  
1 shot/3 min.

E. Hugonnot et al, Appl. Opt., 46, 8181 (2007)



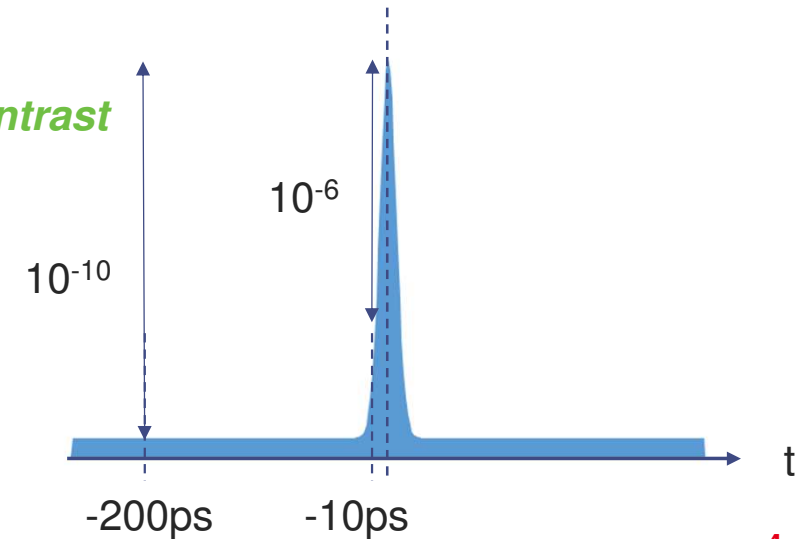
- PETAL front-end V2 will be based on OPCPA (CPA + fast OPA + ns OPA)

## Laser specifications

Front-end V1 specs plus

- Contrast requirements:  $10^{-10}$ @-200ps  
 $10^{-6}$ @-10ps
- Nanosecond monochromatic pedestal
- 2 Hz repetition rate
- Dispersion management (up to 7 ps/nm)
- Delay lines (up to 16,7 ns)

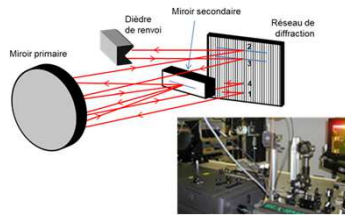
High temporal contrast  
front-end



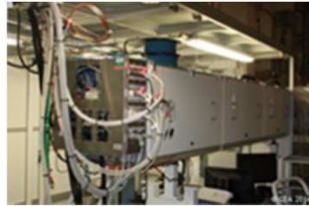


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- PETAL front-end V1 is based on OPCPA (CPA + ns OPA)



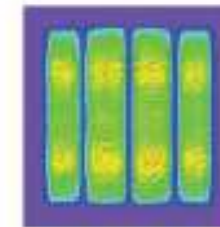
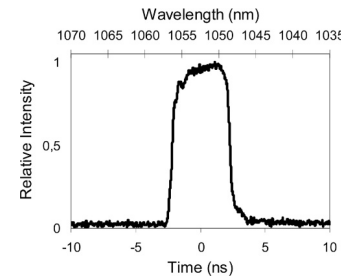
Öffner stretcher



PETAL PAM

150 mJ  
8 nm  
4.5 ns  
1 shot/3 min.

E. Hugonnot et al, Appl. Opt., 46, 8181 (2007)



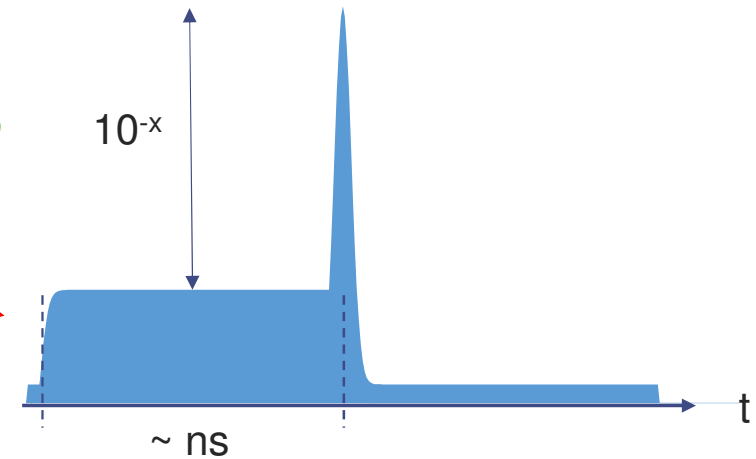
- PETAL front-end V2 will be based on OPCPA (CPA + fast OPA + ns OPA)

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Front-end V1 specs plus

- Contrast requirements:  $10^{-10}$ @-200ps  
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- 2 Hz repetition rate
- Dispersion management (up to 7 ps/nm)
- Delay lines (up to 16,7 ns)

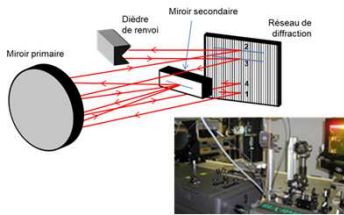
Adjustable contrast



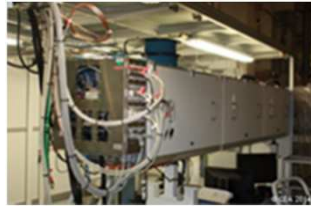


# A new front-end (AXIS 1+2+3)

- PETAL front-end V1 is based on OPCPA (CPA + ns OPA)



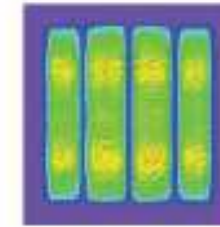
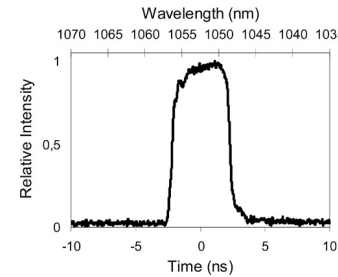
Öffner stretcher



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1 shot/3 min.

E. Hugonnot et al, Appl. Opt., 46, 8181 (2007)



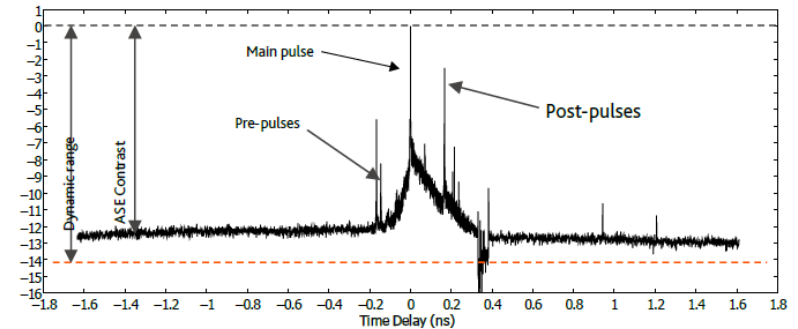
- PETAL front-end V2 will be based on OPCPA (CPA + fast OPA + ns OPA)

## Laser specifications

Front-end V1 specs plus

- Contrast requirements:  $10^{-10}$ @-200ps  
 $10^{-6}$ @-10ps
- Nanosecond monochromatic pedestal
- **2 Hz repetition rate**
- Dispersion management (up to 7 ps/nm)
- Delay lines ( $\Delta t=0$  to 16,7 ns)

will greatly simplify alignment, diagnostics (contrast measurement), ...

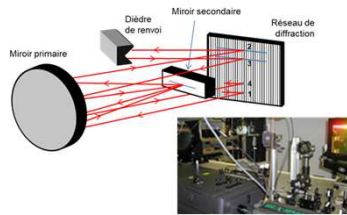


Typical contrast measurement curve with Sequola

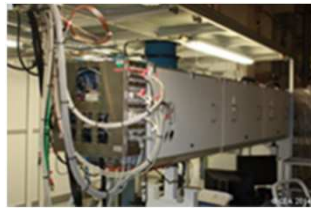


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- PETAL front-end V1 is based on OPCPA (CPA + ns OPA)



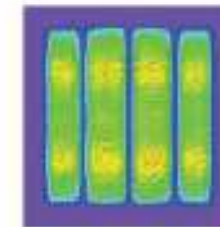
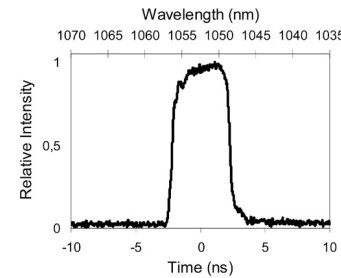
Öffner stretcher



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E. Hugonnot et al, Appl. Opt., 46, 8181 (2007)



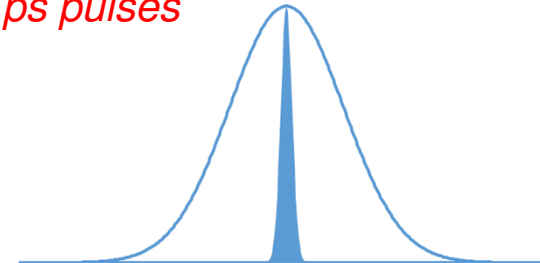
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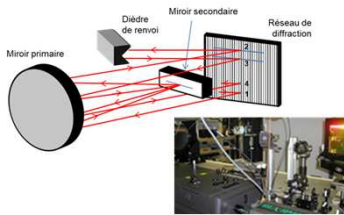
from Fourier transform pulses (500 fs)  
to 20 ps pulses



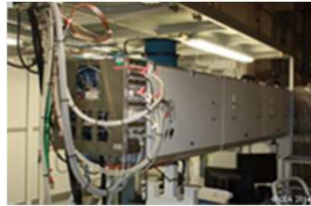


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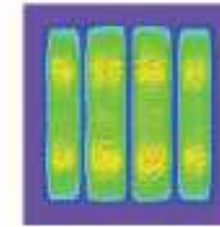
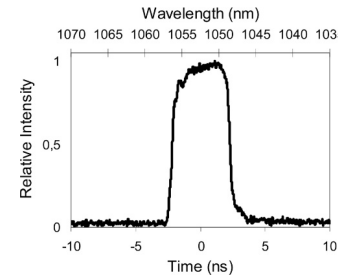
Öffner stretcher



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1 shot/3 min.

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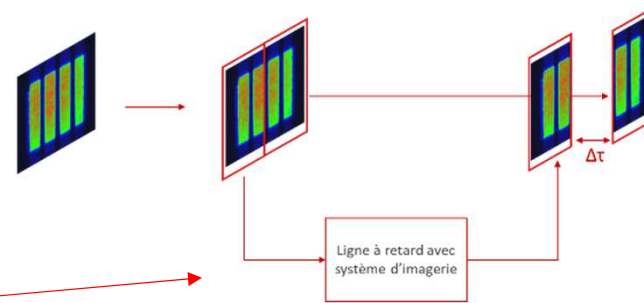


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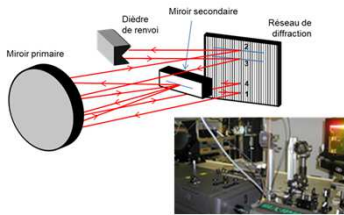




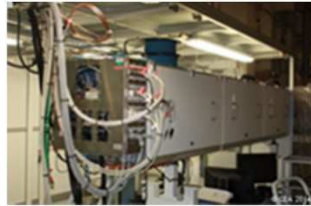


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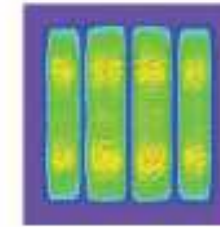
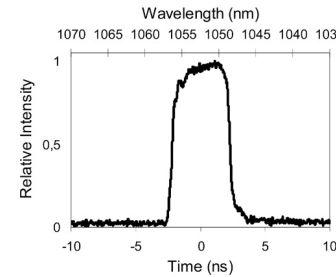
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PETAL PAM

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E. Hugonnot et al, Appl. Opt., 46, 8181 (2007)



- PETAL front-end V2 will be based on OPCPA (CPA + ps OPA + ns OPA)

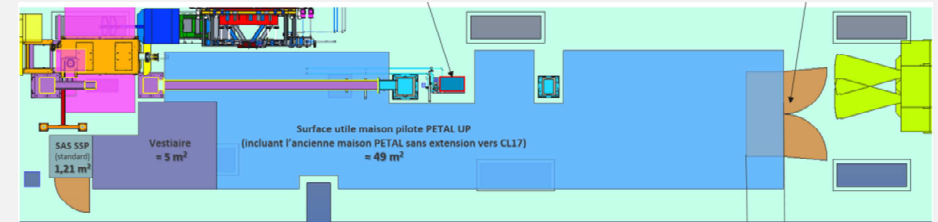
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Front-end V1 specs plus

- Contrast requirements:  $10^{-10}$ @-200ps  
 $10^{-6}$ @-10ps
- Nanosecond monochromatic pedestal
- 2 Hz repetition rate
- Dispersion management (up to 7 ps/nm)
- Delay lines ( $\Delta t=0$  to 16,7 ns)

## Reliability and easy-to-use requirements

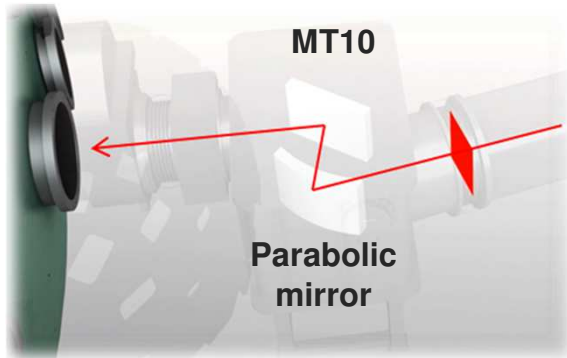
Home-made front-end V1  $\Rightarrow$  **Factory-made** front-end V2  
The front-end will be deployed in a dedicated lab



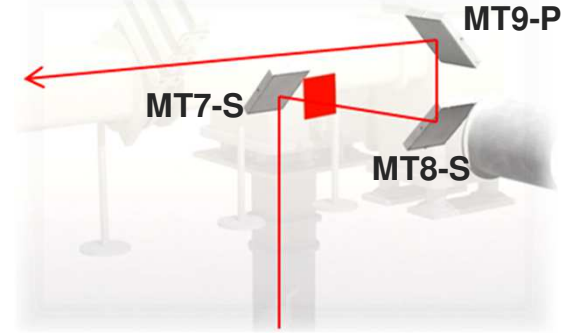
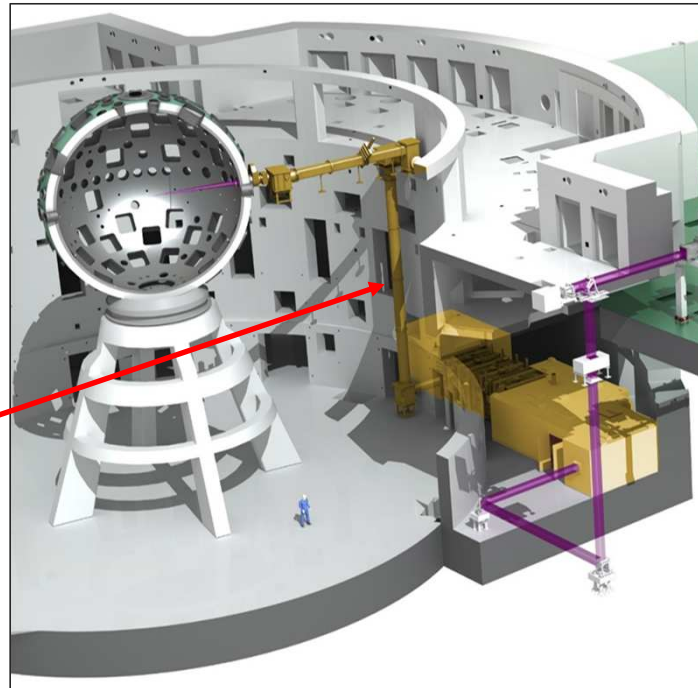
**!! Call for tender is underway !!**

**Laser manufacturer will be chosen before end-2023**

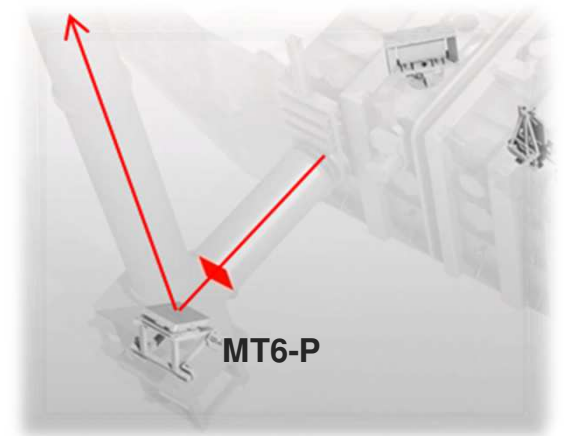
# New final optics (AXIS 2)



*~60 meters after compression (PW range) with 6 mirrors (1 parabolic) and 4 vacuum chambers*



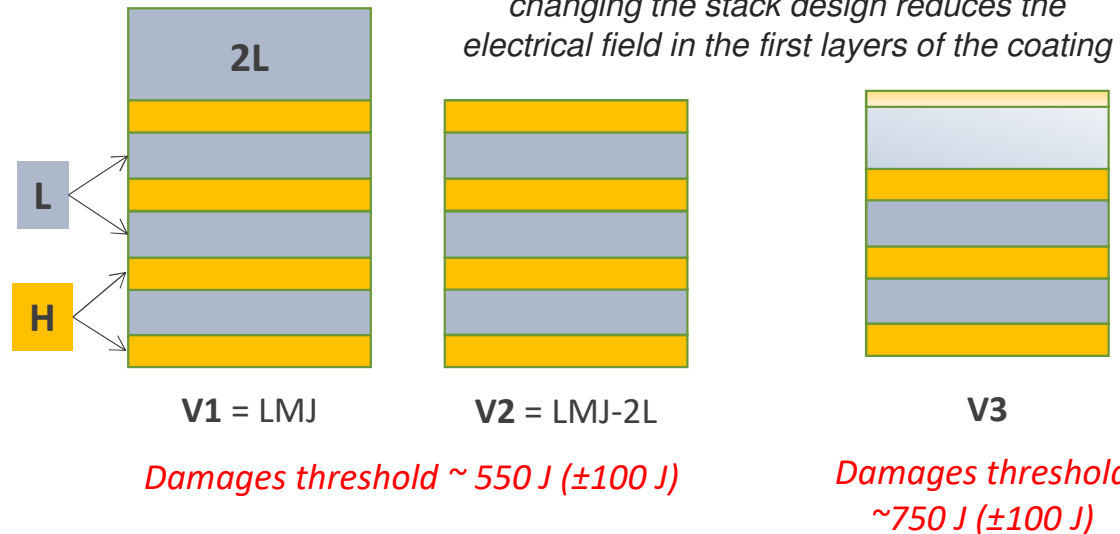
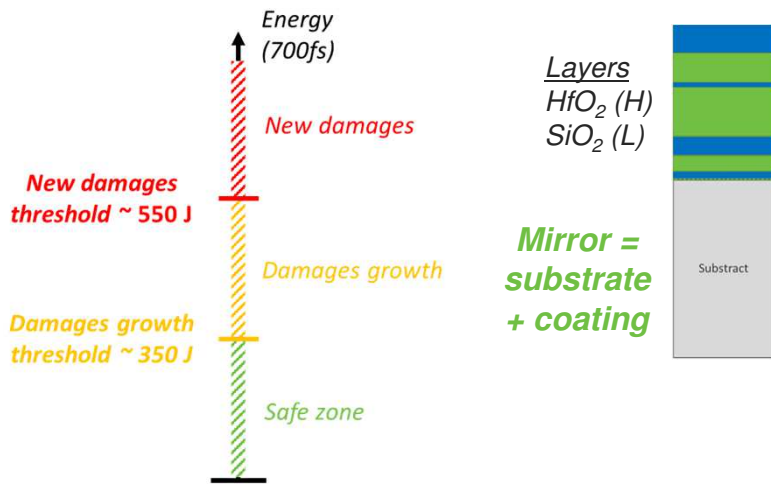
*Damages on MT10 and parabolic mirror*



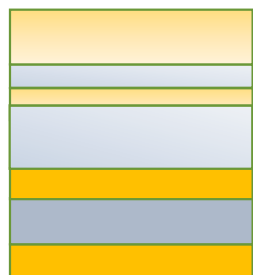
# New final optics (AXIS 2)



## Generations of Petal mirrors



**Most recent generation = V4**



**Design @CEA and processing@LLE**

M. Chorel et al., SPIE Laser Damage (2021)  
 S. Diop et al., Optics Letters, 47, 6177 (2022)  
 S. Diop et al, Applied Optics, 62, B126 (2023)

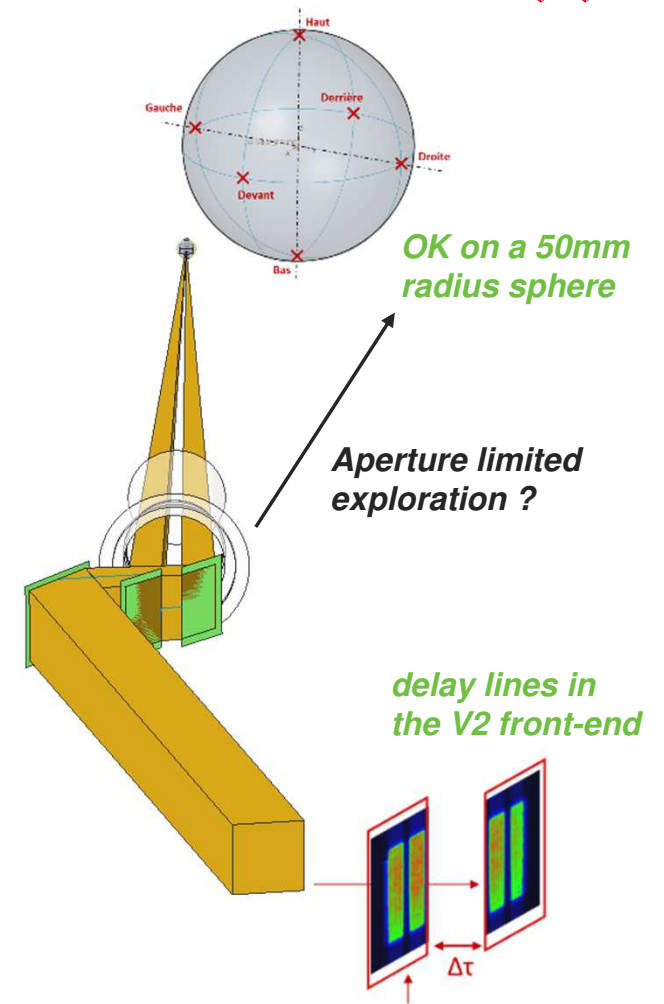
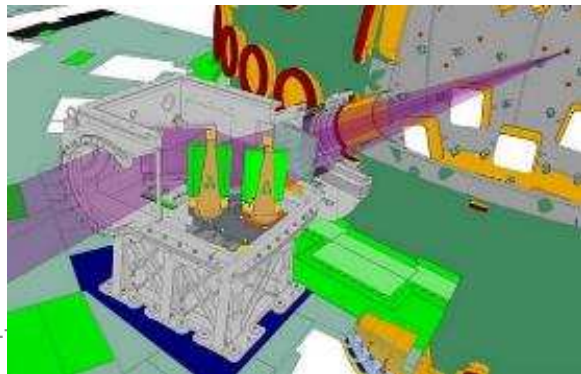
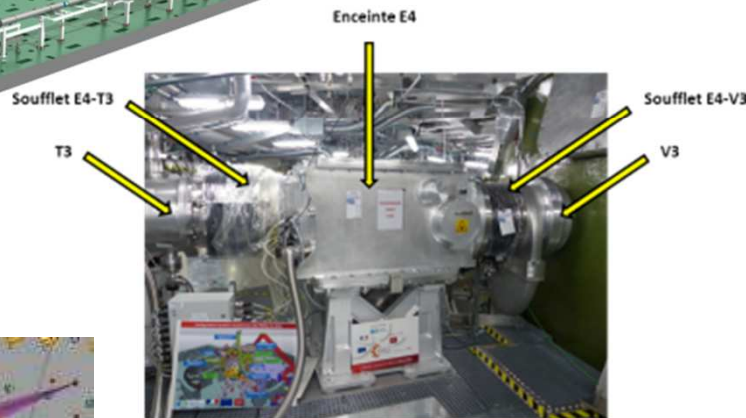
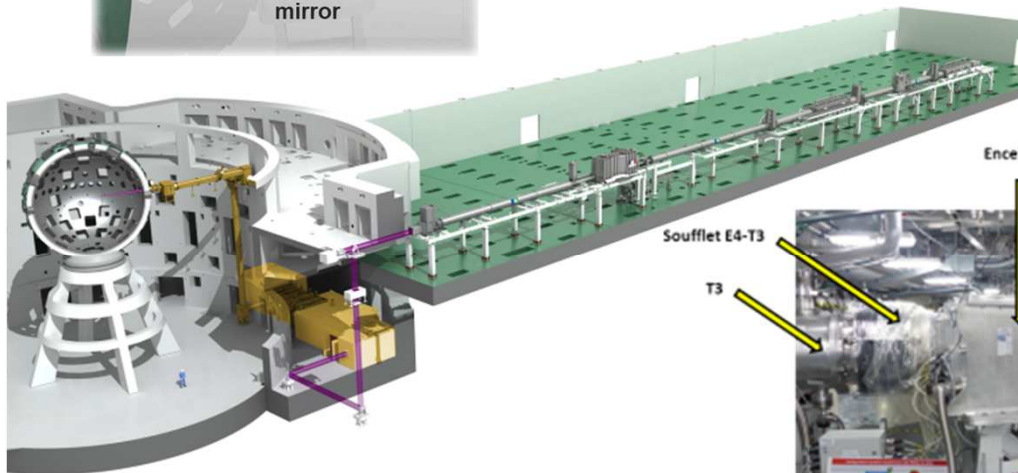
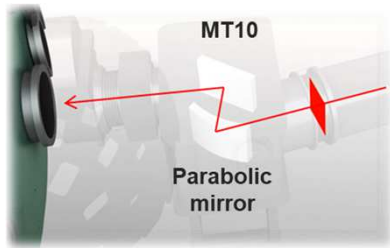
## Experimental damage studies

Type de miroir & Polarisation de test		LIDT estimé sous vide [J/cm <sup>2</sup> ]	Réflectivité mesurée à LLE [%]	LIDT mesuré à LLE [J/cm <sup>2</sup> ] (45deg, vide)
Miroir classique V2	P-pol	1.41	99.8%	+ 65 %
	S-pol	2.13	100%	
Miroir optimisé V4-P	P-pol	2.31	99.2%	2.33 +/- 0.033
	S-pol	3.17	99.9%	3.18 +/- 0.036

**V4 OK for kJ level**

**PETAL mirrors will be replaced by V4 generation in the next few years (the first V4 mirror has been realized this year)**

# Two beams delivery (AXIS 3)



# Mirror Segmentation (AXIS 3)

*The main challenge is beam phasing (to recover one beam)*

## Specifications

Angular resolution = 25 nrad

Residual deformation with motion < 70 nm

## Optical components

two BK7 mirrors

420mmx350mmx80mm

Power: PV < 170nm

Flatness PV < 160 nm

RMS slope < 1  $\mu$ rad

*Elastic deformation  
maintaining systems  
(will be patented)*

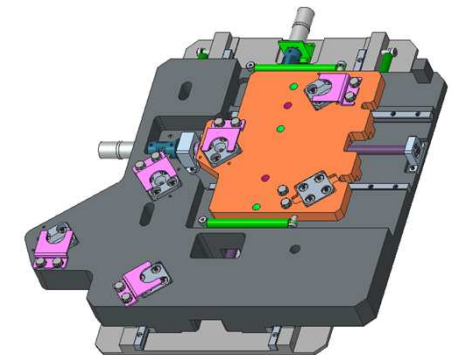
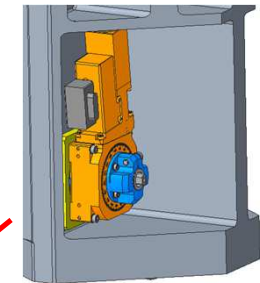
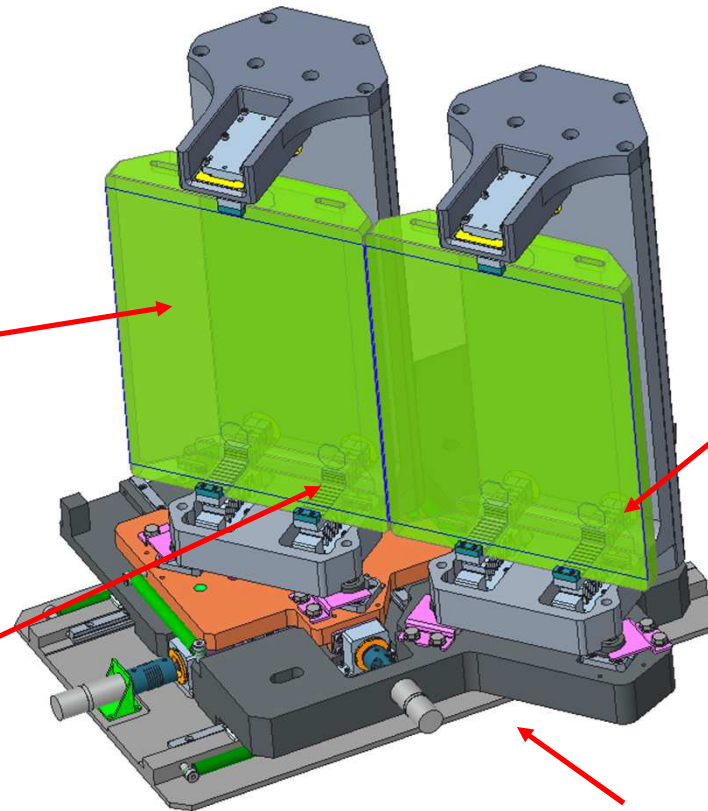
**Fabrication 2nd  
semester 2023**

*2-axis  
translation  
table*

## Actuators

Resolution ~ 1 nm

Motion =  $\pm$  4 mm





# B-field capability (AXIS 4)

2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
Feasibility			Specification	Fabrication	Qualification	Implementation

## ► Feasibility study phase

→ end expected by late-2024: **“GO / NO GO” decision**

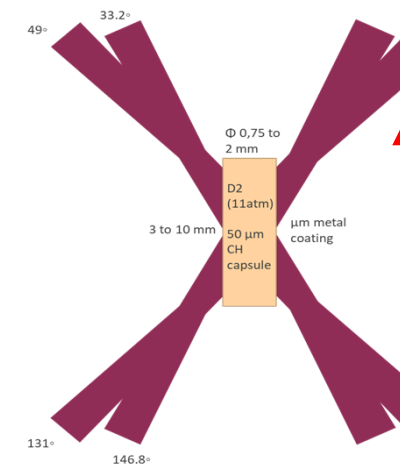
- Sizing of the electromagnetic system
- Performances evaluation
- Identification of the interfaces and preparation for integration
- Evaluation of acquisition and operating costs

## ► Specifications discussed with CELIA, LULI and CEA/DIF

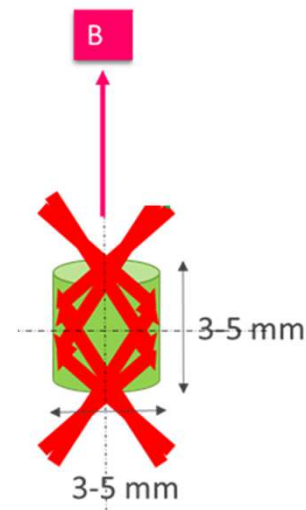
- 30 T on a  $\varphi = 6 \text{ mm} \times h = 6 \text{ mm}$  cylindrical volume
- 5-10 % spatial homogeneity
- 100 ns duration
- 5 % temporal stability
- Vertical direction

## ► Typical experiments for first sizing

*Direct drive fusion  
(ex from CELIA)*



*Intense X-ray sources*



# Integration on the cryogenic target inserter (AXIS 4)

## ► Main choices of concepts

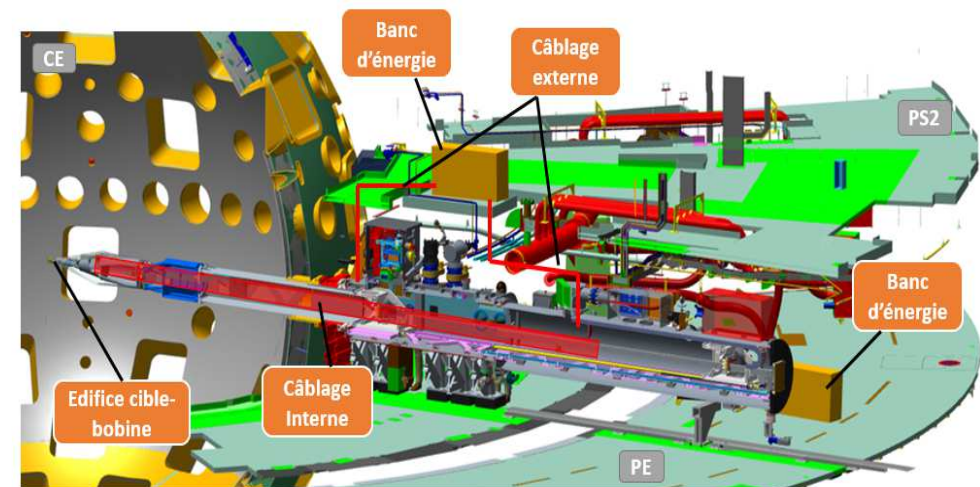
- Target integrated coil held by an inserter
- Integration into the cryogenic positioner PCC (for future cryogenic compatibility)
- Pulser in the experiment room (the options into the inserter are too complex for maintenance, integration with the cryogenic inserter)
- Non destructive coil (mainly because of the risks of incomplete vaporization with destructive coil)

## ► Integration on the cryogenic target positioner (PCC)

- Mutualizes the needs
- 2 phases of employment envisaged
  - separate DT cryogenic / magnetic field experiments
  - with cryogeny and B-field together

PCC integration studies have been done

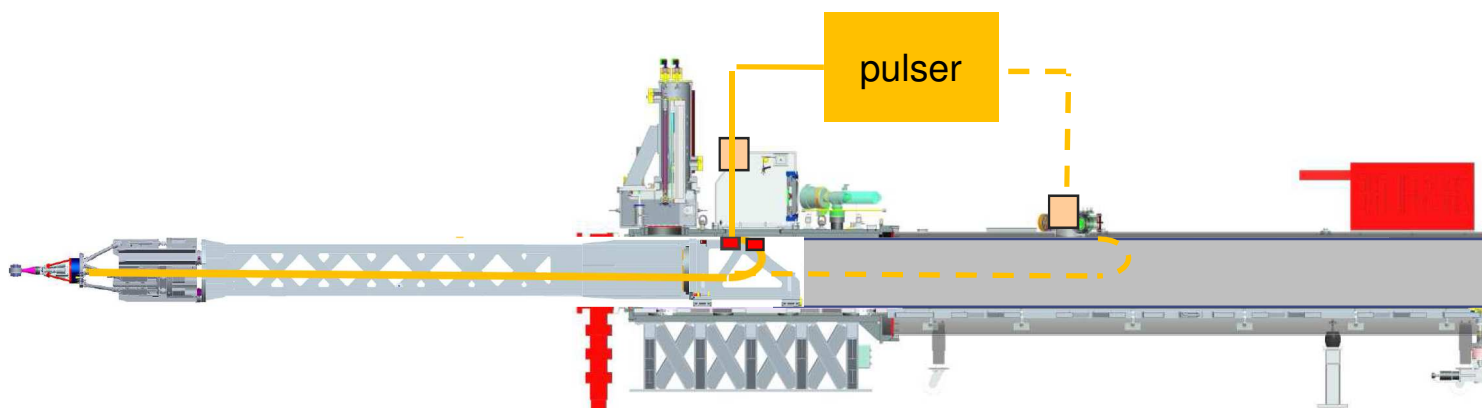
→ feasibility now demonstrated



# Engineering issues and associated prototypes (AXIS 4)



*- Some problems still need to be solved ...*



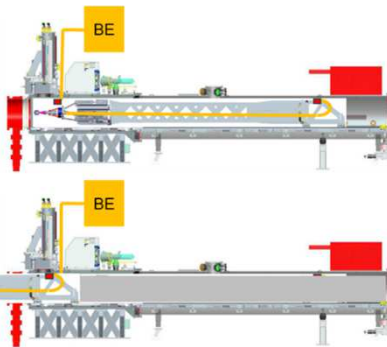


# Engineering issues and associated prototypes (AXIS 4)

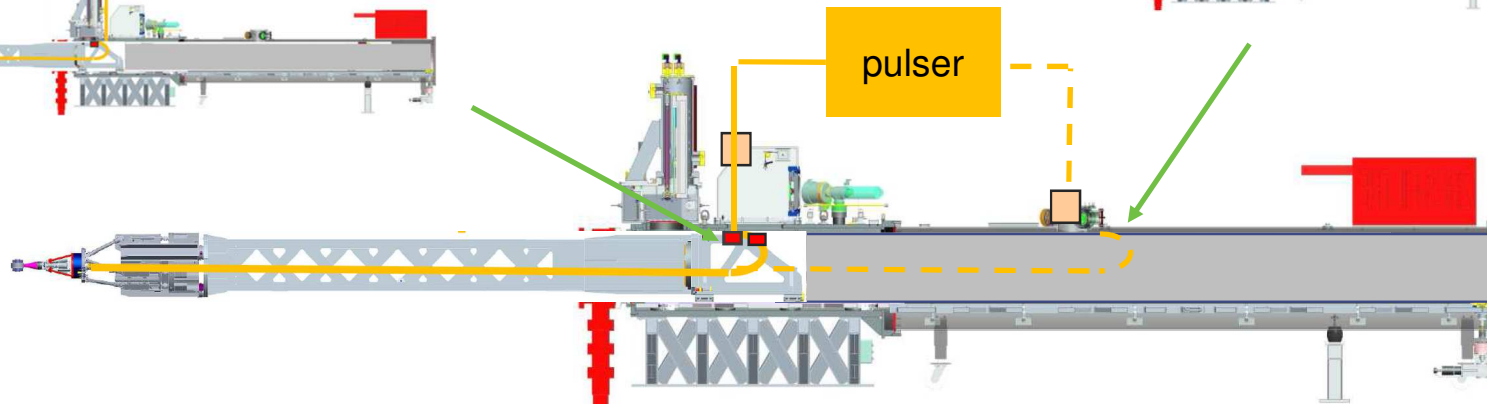
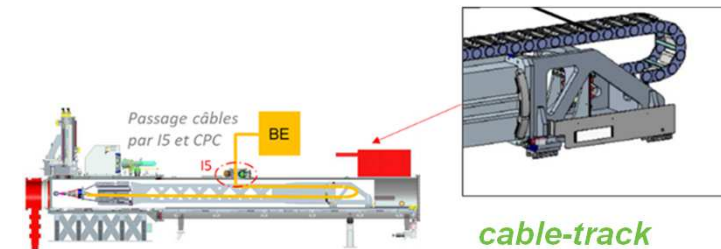


- Automatic connection or cable track ?

Automatic connection



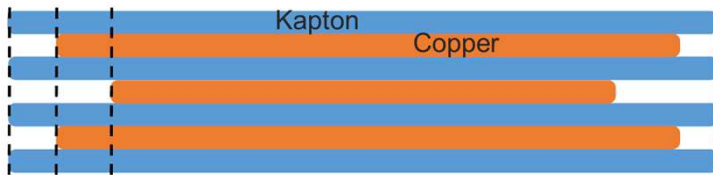
Cable track mechanical test bench



# Engineering issues and associated prototypes (AXIS 4)



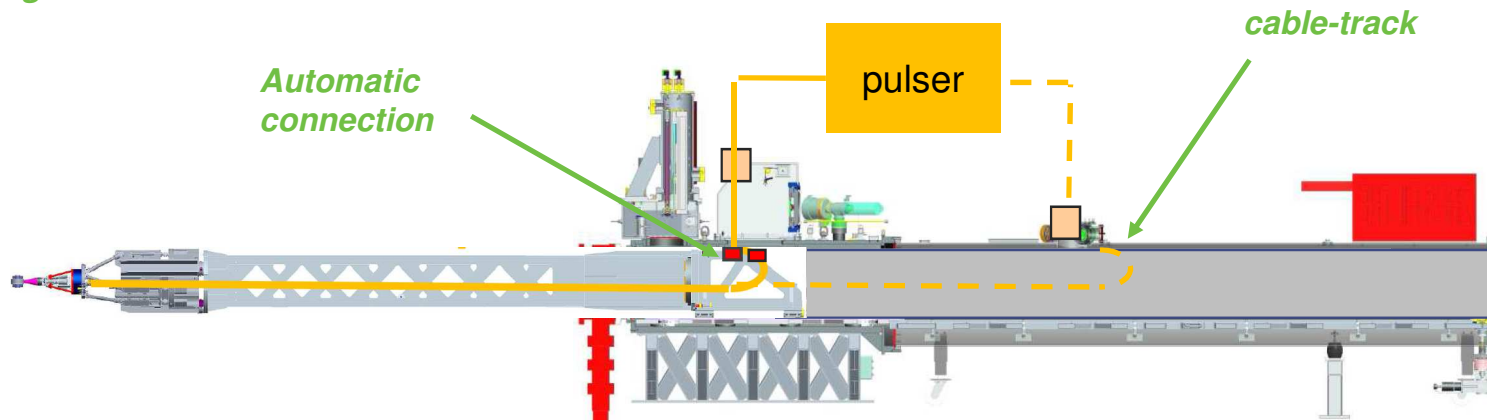
- Standard cables and/or strip-line ?



Benchmark and qualification of a first strip-line  
Studies are on-going



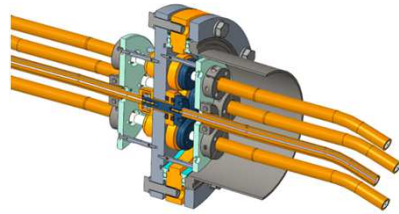
Cable track  
mechanical  
test bench



# Engineering issues and associated prototypes (AXIS 4)



- Connections ?



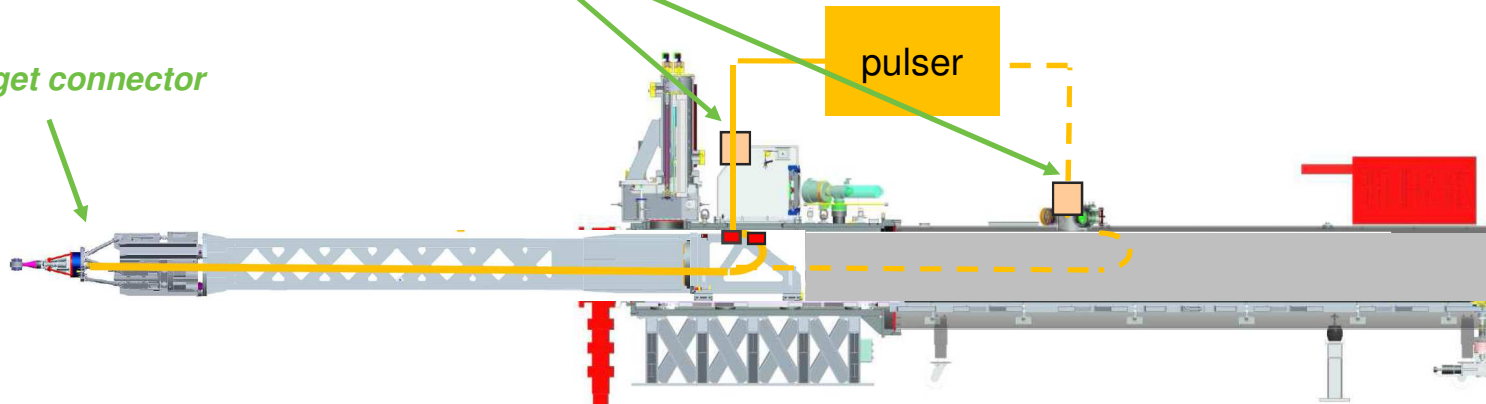
Vacuum /electrical prototype



Results  
Vacuum  $2 \cdot 10^{-6}$  mbar  
No breakdown up to 35 kV

Vacuum tight feedthrough

Target connector





# Engineering issues and associated prototypes (AXIS 4)

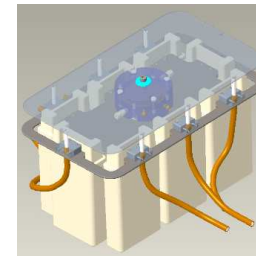
- **B-field performances ?**
- **Debris risks ?**
- **Remote effects ?**



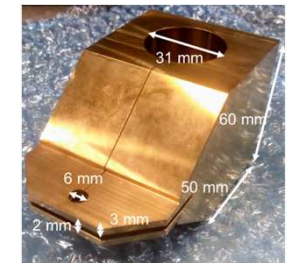
*Electro-tech. prototype*



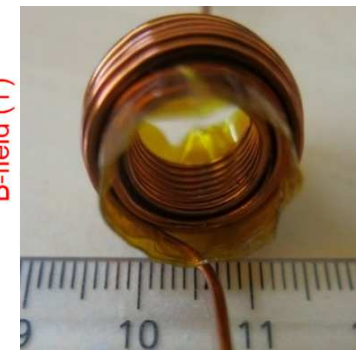
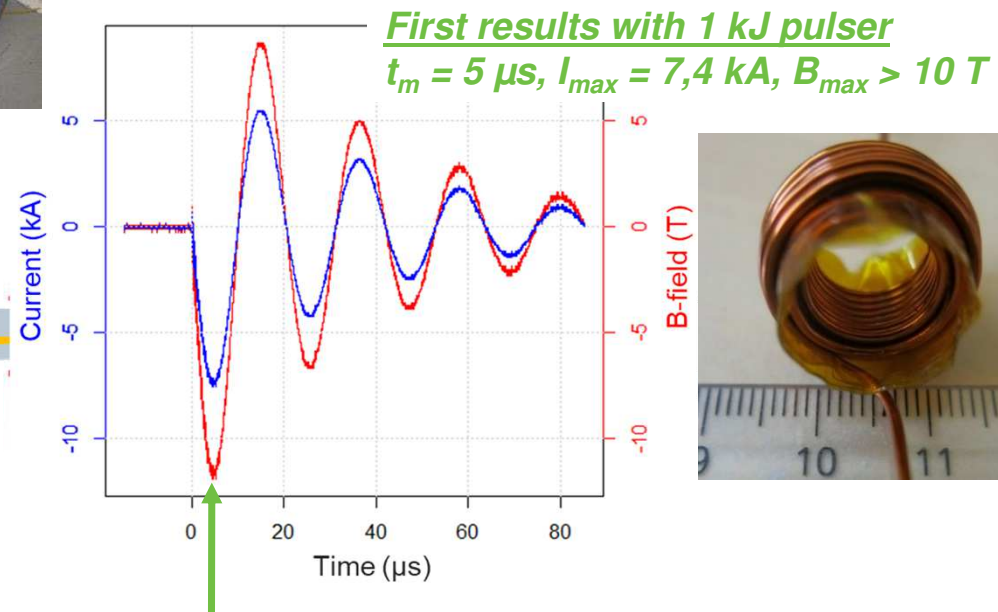
*B field performances  
Debris risks  
Remote effects*



*New 2 kJ pulser under construction*



*Target-coil prototype to be tested*



*Home-made coil*

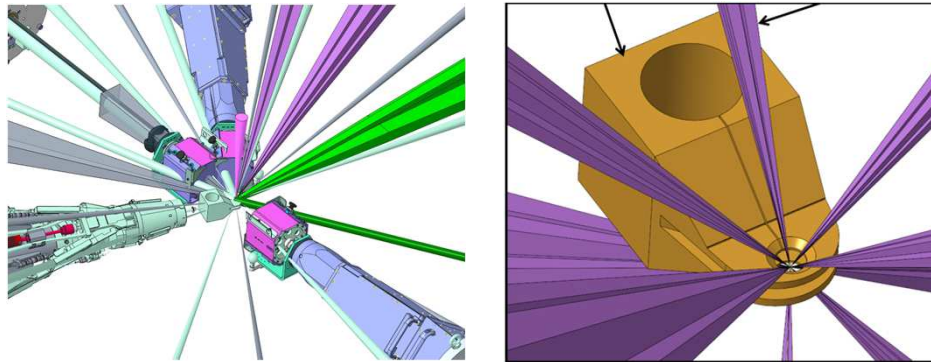
*Laser shot will happen here*

# Engineering issues and associated prototypes (AXIS 4)



- Alignment ?
- Shocks ?

*Integration / alignment studies are on-going*

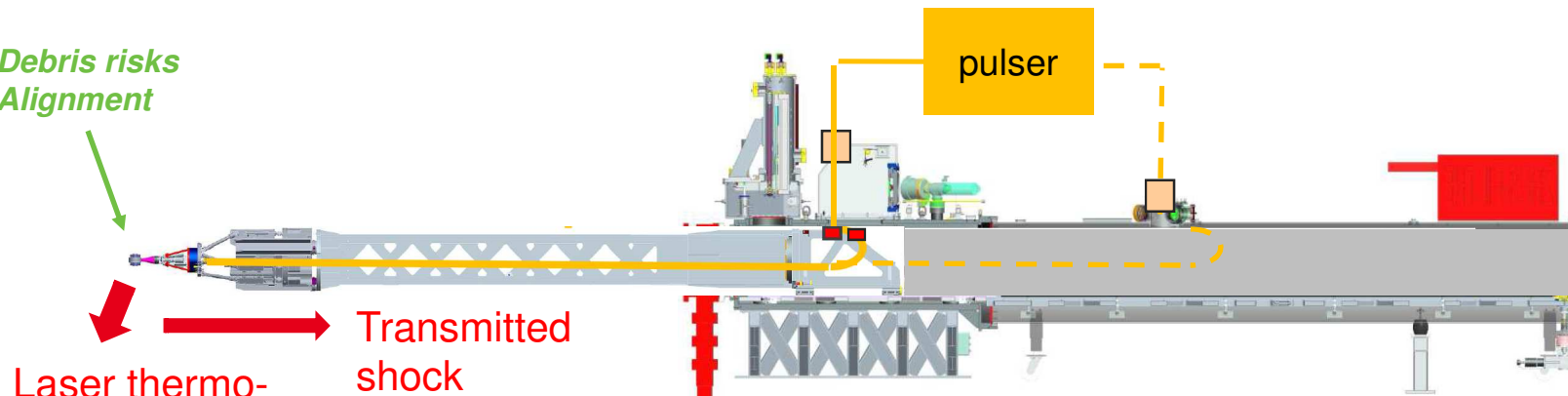


*Debris risks Alignment*

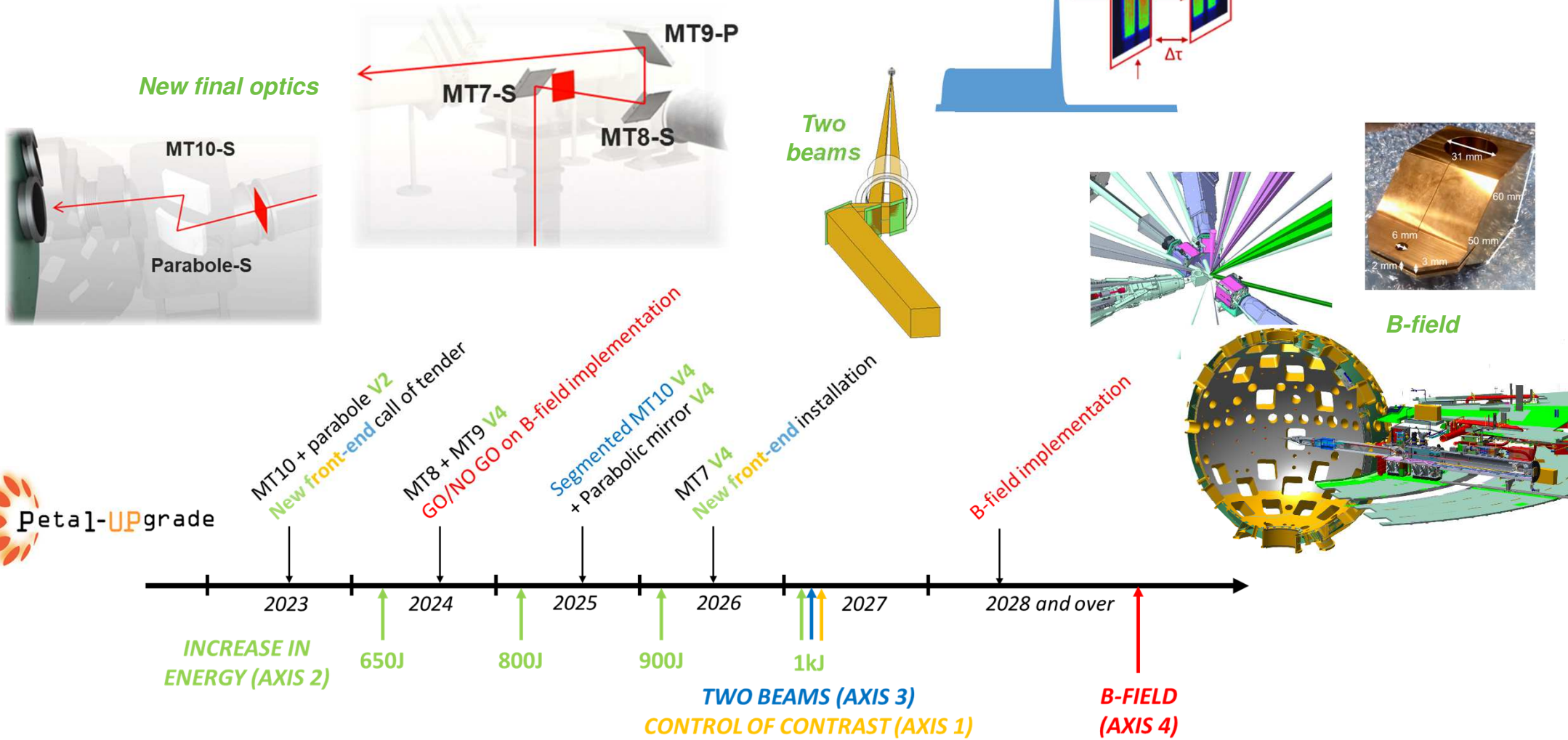
Laser thermo-shock

Transmitted shock

*Numerical simulations in progress*



# Conclusion





## The PETAL UPgrade team

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